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THE MORNING STAR,

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

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TO GO TO THE
Davis & Zoeller's
ENTERPRISE CASH
DryGoods
EMPORIUM
For Your Dress Goods.

Laces, Dress Trimmings,
Corsets, Umbrellas,
Hosiery and Gents' Furnishings,
Carpets, Mattings, Trunks,
Bags and Valises, Curtains,
Curtain Poles and Household Furnishings generally.

We have a Dress-making Department in which special attention is given to Wedding Trousseau.
Cor. Front and Princess streets,
Wilmington, N. C.
Express prepaid on all orders of $5.00 and over. jan 13 tf

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.,
Purcell Building,
Wilmington, N. C

Importers and Jobbers
American, English
And German
Hardware
—Tinware,
Earthenware,
Cutlery,
Guns,
Ammunition, &c.
sep 23 tf

The Giles & Murchison
Stock
—OF—
Hardware
Tinware, Etc.,
To be Sold at a
Great Reduction
In Prices.

The undersigned has assumed the management of the sale of the entire Stock of the late firm of GILES & MURCHISON, which will be offered at prices which cannot fail to attract the attention of all close buyers.

Country Merchants
Will find it Greatly to their Interest to Get the List of Prices,
As Goods will be SOLD CHEAPER THAN EVER BEFORE OFFERED, or probably ever will be again.

Retail trade desired, and all in want of any goods in our line are earnestly invited to call and avail themselves of the present opportunity to fill their wants

At Unheard-of Prices.

The Stock will be kept up to its former HIGH STANDARD, and NEW GOODS will arrive as often as occasion requires.

J. W. Murchison, Agent.
jan 1 tf

Seasonable Goods.

In store, and arriving daily, a choice selection of seasonable goods. We have on hand
RAISINS of every variety, from 5c to 25c per pound.
CITRON, from 15c to 25c per lb.
CURRENTS, all prices, all grades.
NUTS, all prices, all grades.
We would like to call special attention to our assortment of the above goods.
CHEESE—Switzer, Roquefort, Neufchetel, Framage de Bric, Edam, Pineapple, English Dairy and American Cream. All fresh and of finest quality.
Plum Pudding and Mince Meat.
Cakes and Crakers. A beautiful variety of all kinds, too great an assortment to specify. Will have to be seen to be appreciated.
The above are only a few of our specialties. Our assortment is complete and we invite all to call and examine before purchasing elsewhere.
With four wagons we can deliver promptly.

THE JOHN L. BOATWRIGHT CO.,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
Telephone No. 14. dec 9 tf

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LV.—NO. 108. WILMINGTON, N. C., SUNDAY, JANUARY 20, 1895. WHOLE NO. 8,644

OUTLINES.

The day in the Senate was passed in delivering eulogies on the life and character of the late Senator Vance; an angry colloquy took place in the House between Mr. Boutelle, of Maine, and Mr. McCleary, of Kentucky. —— A brief funeral service was held over the remains of Vice-President Stevenson's daughter at Battery Park Hotel, Asheville. —— Four members of a band of desperadoes were killed in Oklahoma by a posse of deputy sheriffs. —— The Treasury gold reserve; Congressman Turner, of Georgia, taken suddenly sick; an employe of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing sentenced to imprisonment for stealing; the Democratic members of the Banking and Currency Committee of the House hold a conference. —— Chas. A. Morganfield, the train robber, carried to Fredericksburg, Va., from Cincinnati, and placed in jail to await trial. —— Gen. Lee's birthday observed as a holiday in several Southern cities, a vast audience assembled at the hall of the Confederate Society at Washington, D. C., and listened to speeches from distinguished Southern men. —— The Prize Ring—Dixon and Griffo fight to a draw at Coney Island, N. Y; Berneau knocked out by Credoa at Galveston. —— The Brooklyn strike still continues; more rioting expected. —— N. Y. markets: Money on call was nominally 1 per cent.; cotton closed quiet; middling gulf 6 cents; middling uplands 5⅝ cents; Southern flour dull and easy; common to fair extra $3.10 @3 00; good to choice do. $3 10@3 50; wheat dull and ½c lower but steady; No. 2 red in store and at elevator 60¾c; cents; afloat 62½@62½ cents; corn dull and easy; No. 2 at elevator 51 cents; afloat 52¼ cents; spirits turpentine quiet and firmer at 29½@30 cents; rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1.85@1.40.

St. Louis, Mo., is catching the cotton-manufacturing fever. A $2,000,000 factory is to be erected there forthwith.

Five million years ago, according to Professor Lester, Maryland had immense lizards. But she didn't have the run on oysters she has now.

Thieves are killing so many Chicago policemen that the town will have to supply them with portable bombproofs, or let the thieves take the town.

The Democrats of Philadelphia have nominated ex Gov. Pattison for Mayor of Philadelphia, a nomination which the Republicans admit to be a very strong one.

Making due allowance for all that escaped, it is estimated that in two visits Jack Frost recently paid to Florida, the State sustains a financial loss of $7,000,000.

It is estimated that the property in the State of New York which is exempt from tax is worth $600,000,000. There is a movement to tax all church property not used for charitable or educational purposes.

Li Kun Hi, who succeeds Li Hung Chang as Commander-in-Chief of the Chinese armies, is a level-headed chap. He wants to try his luck at compromising with the Japs before he undertakes the job of annihilating them.

A Yorkshire, England, Judge refused to commit a witness to jail for committing perjury, for he was afraid it would set a precedent that would overstock the jails and make more courts necessary. The example of the Prince of Wales seems to have had some effect.

This is plum season with Hon. John M. Thurston, of Nebraska. He had hardly been elected to the U. S. Senate when he received information that an old gold mine which he owns, and which was considered worthless, was panning out so well that it may make him a millionaire.

The Louisville *Courier-Journal* of last Tuesday was a rattler, forty-eight pages, devoted to a history of the progress and present condition of the great industries of Kentucky, and done up in a style graphically and pictorially that the *Courier-Journal* or any other paper might be proud.

Bill Cook, the Oklahoma bandit, who has been arrested, claims a fair trial and says he is entitled to it because he did his work open and above board on the open highways, and no sneaking. He never killed any one, nor robbed a poor man except when on the run he might need a horse or food. Cook is rather popular out in that country, and it is doubtful if he could be convicted before a jury. He may have been counting on this when he surrendered.

The Raleigh Typographical Union No. 54 has passed a resolution declaring that the nomination of Jeter C. Pritchard for the U. S. Senate was an "honor conferred upon the craft." This because Jeter when a young man worked for some time at the printing trade and got out of it as soon as he could. It would be in order for the internal revenue boys to resolve that it is also an honor conferred upon them, for he worked the revenue racket about as long or longer than he did the printing business.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

J. A. SPRINGER—Coal.
HEINSBERGER—Sweaters.
J. HICKS BUNTING—Seed.
J. W. SNEEDEN—For rent.
D. MURPHY—Horses for sale.
J. W. MURCHISON—Hardware.
J. H. REHDER & Co.—Specials.
DAVIS & ZOELLER—Dress goods.
JAS. D. NUTT—Worth your while.
I. SHRIER—Will leave for Atlanta.
H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS—Leaders.
WORTH & WORTH—Seed potatoes.
D. L. GORE—Horses, mules, for sale.
C. E. GORDON—Odds and ends sale.
G. R. FRENCH & SON—Above comp'n.
MASONIC—Meeting Concord Chapter.
KATZ & POLVOGT—Cash clearing sale.
W. E. SPRINGER & CO.—Hardware.
J. L. BOATWRIGHT CO.—Goods in season

NEW BUSINESS LOCALS.

HILTON PARK—Oyster roast.
P. H. HAYDEN—Buggies, harness.
NEILL MCKINNON—Ginger-snaps.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS

Pertinent Paragraphs Pertaining Principally to People and Pointedly Printed.

— Col. E. D. Hall was able to ride out yesterday.

— Mr. Wm. R. Taylor is sick and confined to his room.

— Rev. Dr. Pritchard, of Charlotte was here yesterday.

— Rep. Sen. Furioso Bonaparte Rice is here looking after his terrapins.

— Capt. Nash E. Bunting, who has been quite sick, was able to set up awhile yesterday.

— Mr. Fred J. Horton, of the A. C. L. Car Accountant's office, is sick and confined to his room with an attack of la grippe.

— Mr. Walter S. Radford, soliciting agent for the A. C. L., with headquarters at Columbia, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

— Mr. Fred D. Bush, District Passenger Agent for the Louisville and Nashville railroad, with headquarters at Atlanta, Ga., was in the city yesterday.

— Capt. Joe Bowden of the C. C. R. R., brought down a wild turkey yesterday morning from Phœnix which was killed near there, weighing twenty pounds.

— Capt. W. S. Warrock, of the STAR Job Printing Department, who has been sick about ten days, is improving rapidly, and hopes to be able to come out to-morrow.

— Mr. Herbert McClammy, the lone Democratic Representative from the Cape Fear section, is here for a day's rest from the terrors, turmoils and troubles of the State Capital.

— Mr. J. H. Word, Travelling Passenger Agent of the Texas and Pacific Railroad Company, with headquarters at Atlanta, Ga., who has been in the city for the past few days, returned home yesterday.

— Mr. R. W. Wescott and daughters, Misses Pearl and Minnie, returned last evening from attending the funeral of Miss Janie Hewett, which took place at Royal Oak, Brunswick county, yesterday morning.

— Mr. Robert Bowden, of the firm of Rhodes & Bowden, butchers, was taken sick while at work at his stall in the new market house yesterday about two o'clock. He was carried home in a buggy by Dr. T. S. Burbank and Mr. Jno. R. Melton.

— Messrs. W. H. Shearin, Castle Hayne; H. B. Jennings, Florence; W. G. Furlong, Newbern; L. V. Bassett, Rocky Mount; J. J. Powers, Laurinburg; W. G. Cleapin, Chadbourn; S. F. Craig, Southport; P. L. Woodard, Black Creek, were among the arrivals in the city yesterday.

SUNDAY SERVICES.

St Paul's Church, Fourth and Orange streets, Rev F N Skinner Rector, services at 11 a m and 9 30 p m. Sunday School at 3 30 p m. All seats free.

Services in St. John's Church to-day by the Rector, Dr Carmichael, at 7.45 and 11 a m and 4.30 p m. Sunday school 3.30 p m.

Services in Seamen's Bethel to-day at 3 p m, conducted by Rev Dr Carmichael. All seafaring men are specially invited.

COLORED CHURCHES.

At the Central Baptist church, corner Seventh and Red Cross streets, Rev L T. Christmas, pastor, there will be preaching to-day at 10.30 a m, 8 p m and 7 30 p m. Sunday school at 12 m. Everybody welcome.

St Stephen's A M E church, corner Fifth and Red Cross streets, Rev E J Gregg, pastor. Preaching at 10 30 a m by Bishop W G Gaines, D D. Baptismal service at 3 p m. Preaching at 7.30 p m by the pastor. Subject: "When, Where and How to Marry."

Commissioners' Meeting.

The Board of Commissioners of New Hanover county met yesterday in called session to consider proposals for building a bridge over Purvine's Creek in Masonboro township, Commissioner H. A. Bagg (chairman), B. G. Worth, E. L. Peace and B. S. Montford were present.

The contract for building the bridge was awarded to Messrs. N. A. Layton and J. P. Walton, at their bid of $950; material to be furnished by the contractors.

The contract for building the approaches to the bridge was awarded to Mr. J. D. Fergus, at his bid of $180.

What Will They Do?

There are many rumors and guesses as to what the Rep.-Poplican Legislature will do with Wilmington. A recent rumor is that there will be no change in the boundaries of the Wards; that the Mayor will be elected by the vote of the city at large, and that a Commission will be created with power to appoint policemen and all minor employes. That some important changes will be made is as certain as is the love of the new combination for the spoils of office; but it is not likely that any plan has yet been definitely agreed upon.

LOCAL DOTS.

Items of Interest Gathered Here and There and Briefly Noted.

— For other new advertisements, see fourth page.

— Local forecast: Fair; slightly warmer Sunday evening.

— Regular convocation of Concord Chapter Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

— Gen. Lee's birthday—a legal holiday—was observed yesterday by the banks and the Produce Exchange.

— There was 14 feet 8 inches water in the river at Fayetteville at 8 a. m. Friday; a fall of one foot during the previous 24 hours.

— Persons interested in starting a berry-basket, crate and broom factory in Wilmington, will meet to-morrow night at Taylor's Bazaar, on Market street.

— Representative G. Z. French says he is opposed to abolishing the State Guard, and will do all in his power to defeat any legislation hostile to the organization.

— The attention of the public is called to a slight change in the schedule on the Seaboard Air Line affecting the afternoon train, which leaves here at 3.20 instead of 3 45.

— Many of the Southern cities are making an energetic effort to secure the location of some of the New England cotton mills that are coming South. Is Wilmington in this procession?

— The British schooner *Turban* cleared yesterday for Hamilton, Bermuda, with 161,808 feet lumber and 4,000 shingles, value $2,438.41, shipped by Messrs. Jas. H. Chadbourn & Co.

— The Postal Telegraph office will be removed to the Allen building, on Princess street, during the present week. The new location will be much more desirable than the present one.

— While the Pops. are so busy in abolishing and amending, they might as well change the name of their Raleigh organ from *Caucasian* to *Burntcorkasian*. This would suit the color of its politics.

— The STAR'S special reports from Raleigh yesterday were "up to date," covering everything that occurred in the Legislature of any interest. With two special reporters there, the STAR will be able to keep its readers fully posted.

— A correspondent of an Atlanta paper writing from Fickling, Ga., says: "The farmers have gone to work in earnest, each believing that his neighbor intends to plant less cotton, while he himself will get rich by doubling his crop." This shows that there are lots of fools still living.

— It is announced that ten of the leading fruit canneries of Baltimore, which have been closed since the 1st of October, will resume operations to-morrow. As they will give employment to about fifteen hundred people, the resumption looks very much like business. North Carolina should have more canneries.

— When the picturesque newspaper correspondent tells you that Jeter Pritchard is prominently "mentioned" as a candidate for the Vice-Presidency, and that there is still strong talk of a combination of Democrats and Republicans to defeat Butler and Pritchard for the Senate, you may bet your life he is "hard up" for news.

FREIGHTING ON THE CAPE FEAR.

The Navassa with Flatboat in Tow Left For Fayetteville Yesterday.

The tug boat *Anna* left Wilmington last Thursday evening for Fayetteville to bring down a flatboat for the steamboat company. About twenty-five miles below Fayetteville she met the flat, took it in tow and brought it to Wilmington, arriving at 9 30 a. m. yesterday. The freight on the flat was 2 bales cotton, 269 barrels rosin, 9 casks spirits turpentine, 55 barrels tar, 24 bags corn and a quantity of country produce.

The steam yacht *Navassa*, chartered by the Transportation Company, left here yesterday at 5 p. m. for Fayetteville, with the flat brought down by the *Anna*, carrying the mails and way-freight only. The *Navassa* with tow is expected to return about the middle of the week, and will continue her trips between the two places until other arrangements are made.

Capt. Jeff. Bradshaw was in command of the *Navassa*.

Short Sermons.

A new story is being told about ministers who preach long sermons. A stranger occupied the pulpit of a church in Louisiana one Sunday, and at the close of an unusually brief discourse made his apologies to one of the vestrymen. "I hope you will excuse excuse my brevity this morning," said the crestfallen clergyman. "No excuse necessary," was the cheerful reply. "Your sermon was delightful." "Well," said the reverend gentleman, "I'm glad to hear you say so; but, to tell the truth, I never preached under greater difficulties. When I started I was horrified to find that my dog had got hold of my MS. and chewed most of it beyond recognition." "Is that so?" queried the astonished vestryman. "Well, your sermon was excellent, and I can only say that you will confer a great favor on this parish by sending us one of those pups."

Gee Zee Recuperating.

Our neighbor-in-law Gee Zee came down from Raleigh yesterday to load up with pointers on conservative legislation. Gee Zee wasn't elected Speaker, but he was in the chair long enough one day to decide that the rules could be suspended by a majority vote. But Gee Zee and Tom Reed are from the same State; and the Czar used to count hats, umbrellas and tobacco smoke when he wanted to make a quorum.

STATE LEGISLATURE.

A THANKSGIVING DAY DISCUSSION IN THE SENATE.

Bill to Reduce the Official Bond of the Sheriff of Pitt County Rushed Through the House in Violation of an Understanding That No Legislative Business Was to be Transacted.

[*Special Star Correspondence.*]

RALEIGH, N. C., Jan. 19, 1895.

SENATE.

The Senate was called to order at 10 o'clock a. m. by President R. A. Doughton, and prayer was offered by Rev. Dr. Branson, of Raleigh. The journal was read and approved.

Mr. Lindsay introduced a bill to reduce expenditures of public institutions thirty-three and a third per cent., and to elect a general board of directors therefor.

Bill for the relief of W. J. Sutton, late Sheriff of Bladen county, passed third reading.

Bill to amend the charter of the town of Mt. Airy, and to establish a system of graded schools therein, passed its third reading.

Bill providing for convicts working on the county farm in Bertie county, passed its second reading and was then re-referred to the committee.

Bill to amend section 788 of the Code, regarding costs of criminal cases, was re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Bill to amend the charter of the city of Winston passed second reading.

Bill regarding chattel mortgages was laid upon the table, it already being a law.

Bill to amend the charter of the Norfolk, Wilmington & Charleston Railway Company passed third reading.

Bill to make the call of the Governor of the State for Thanksgiving day "orthodox" was discussed by Senator Lindsay, of Rockingham, who warmly advocated it. He said that the day which was now supposed to be a day of thanksgiving was made a day of sport, of horse racing, of dancing and of baseball playing throughout the country. Mr. Starbuck thought it would be folly to pass this bill, and moved that it be laid upon the table, but withdrew it for Senator McClosky to make some remarks. He thought that the people of the United States had many things to be thankful for, but took his seat without stating whether he favored the bill or not.

Mr. Parsons, of Hyde, discoursed on the bill and advanced the idea that a man could not be made to pray and give thanks unless he wanted to. He opposed the bill.

Mr. Abell offered an amendment to the bill so as to make it read that thanks shall be given to the Almighty that the political conditions of the country are no worse than they are.

Mr. Moody said he would not like to be subjected to the dictation of any Governor as to the time when he should pray, especially the present Governor, who used to be a good Third party man and was now a Democrat. The Bible says that we should pray all the time, and he did not think it was necessary for the Governor to dictate in the matter.

Mr. Lindsay again warmly championed his bill.

Mr. Black, of Mitchell, took the floor and expressed righteous surprise that there was any opposition to the bill. He though the time had arrived when thanks ought to be given that the Democratic party had been defeated in North Carolina and that the people had come into power.

Mr. Ammons, of Madison, went back to the days of the Colonial settlement and reviewed the things that we have to be thankful for.

Mr. Adams challenged the statement of Mr. Moody that the present Governor of North Carolina had been tinged with Populism. He contradicted the statement and said that the Governor had been a Democrat from his youth. He paid a high tribute to Governor Carr. He then moved that the bill lie upon the table and the motion prevailed after nearly an hour had been consumed in a rambling and unprofitable discussion.

Bill to authorize the Commissioners of Haywood county to levy a special tax passed its second reading.

Bill to correct an error in the law creating cotton weighers at Tarboro passed third reading.

Bill defining lard and to regulate the sale thereof was re-referred to the Committee on Judiciary.

Bill to repeal an act of 1893 allowing the commissioners of Madison county to elect a tax collector passed third reading.

Bill to amend the charter of the Piedmont Bank of Greensboro, N. C., passed third reading.

Bill to amend chapter 198, Laws of 1889, regarding the pension of soldiers in the late war was laid upon the table.

Mr. Starbuck offered a resolution providing for a committee of nine on municipal government—three on the part of the Senate and six on the part of the House—to have charge of matters relating to the repeal of the county government system, municipal bills, etc. The resolution was referred to the Committee on Counties, Cities and Towns.

Mr. Abell offered a resolution that the clerks and doorkeepers furnish a list of the employes of the Senate and House and the per diem paid them.

Mr. White offered an amendment to include the Keeper of the Capitol.

Mr. Starbuck offered an amendment asking for a like statement of the Legislature of 1893.

The amendments and resolution were adopted and the Senate then adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

House met at 10 o'clock, Mr. Ewart in the chair. Prayer by Rev. Dr. Edward Bull, of Newbern.

Mr. Walker, from the Committee on Enrolled Bills, called up the bill to reduce the official bond of the sheriff of Pitt county, and asked that the same be enrolled.

The acting Speaker started to put the question, when Mr. Peebles arose and stated that there was an understanding on both sides that the House would meet to-day, but no legislation was to be transacted.

Mr. Lusk, Republican, said the matter was a privileged one and outside of the understanding, but his side was willing to stay here till Monday if necessary to carry it through.

Mr. Peebles demanded the ayes and noes. Mr. Ray arose to a point of order, but the Democrats began to leave the hall to avoid a quorum, and no vote was taken on Mr. Peebles' motion, and the Chair showed no effort to get one. The Chair put the original question by a yes and nay vote and declared it carried, and the bill was ordered to be enrolled. The bill had passed both houses, and to become a law had to be ordered enrolled before Monday.

Having carried through this little piece of delayed legislation, a motion to adjourn was rapidly put by the acting Speaker and declared carried.

The Democrats claimed that the understanding was violated by the injection of this piece of legislation. They could have filibustered and kept the House all day by retiring to avoid a quorum. The rushing desire of the acting Speaker to complete the enrollment, enabled the opposition to carry the bill through.

WILMINGTON MUST WAKE UP.

She Must Have Many Manufacturing Industries—This Is Her Main Chance.

When Wilmington gives such an exhibition of enterprise as is outlined in the annexed dispatch, the STAR will begin to believe that the hour of her commercial redemption is at hand:

COLUMBIA, S. C., Jan. 15.—At a special meeting of the City Council tonight, a committee consisting of Mayor Sloan and three aldermen were appointed to visit the North for the purpose of putting before manufacturers and capitalists the advantage of Columbia as a site for manufacturing enterprises and to induce investments in this section. The committee is authorized to guarantee an exemption for 10 years of manufacturing enterprises from all city taxes. An ordinance to this effect was passed some time ago. It is understood that the board of trade will send a committee supplementary to this one."

It is not competent under the Constitution of North Carolina to grant exemptions from taxation, but Wilmington might do what is proposed in Augusta. There is now a proposition before the Council of that city to establish a system of assessments for five years which would be equivalent to an exemption from taxation from all improvements made beteen the assessments. Lawyers of ability say that this plan would not violate the provision of the Constitution that "all taxation shall be uniform."

The people of Wilmington may as well realize at once that without many and varied manufacturing industries the growth of their city, both in wealth and population, will be painfully slow.

A SUGGESTION.

As to Industries That Would Pay in Wilmington.

Editor Morning Star:

There has been a great deal of talk in the past few weeks about enterprises that could be made to pay in Wilmington. If you will allow me a little of your valuable space I would like to suggest an industry that with proper management I know would succeed.

The industry I have reference to is the manufacture of baskets, crates and brooms. Wilmington has a growing need for such an industry. We have cheap transportation, excellent railroad connections and last but not least, cheap labor. A stock company, organized on the co-operative plan, would secure not only the city trade, but a fair proportion of the patronage of the surrounding country. This scheme should certainly merit the attention of merchants who have the welfare of our city at heart. A committee will wait on them in a few days to get their views on this subject.

A crate and berry basket factory which has only been in operation about one year at Rockingham, is now paying large dividends, and a similar industry at Warsaw is paying handsomely. Considering the large shipments of berries North during their season there is no reason why a dozen such factories in this section shouldn't pay. Some of our farmers use crates shipped here from Alabama, the demand being greater than the supply. WILMINGTON.

The Kitchen Market.

There were abundant supplies of fresh meats, poultry, fish and vegetables in the markets yesterday, and at prices reasonable enough to meet the views of buyers.

The markets have been almost overstocked with dressed poultry during the week, but the low prices stimulated purchases, that have about cleaned up stocks in dealers' hands. Dressed turkeys sold at 10 to 12½c. per pound; fowls, 25 to 30c; eggs, 15 to 16⅔ cents per dozen.

The butchers' stalls were filled with fine beef at 10 to 12½c per pound; pork, 10c; sausage, 12½c; venison, 15 to 20c.

In the vegetable market there were cabbage at 5 to 10c per head; collards, 5c; turnips, 5c per bunch; lettuce, 5c; potatoes, white, 35c per peck, sweets, 20c; celery 50c per bunch, onions 5c per quart, spinach, 35c per peck.

Oysters, from New River, 25c per quart; Myrtle Grove, 15c, and sounders, 10 to 12½c; mullets, 10c per string; trout, 35c.

A WELL DIRECTED SHOT.

But It Cannot Penetrate the Hide of a Rhinoceros.

The Baltimore *Sun* expresses the feeling of every true Southern man in the following paragraph:

"The Populists of the North Carolina Senate emphasized their littleness yesterday by voting down a joint resolution which had passed the House to adjourn over until Monday in order to observe to-day, the birthday of Gen. Robert E. Lee. These legislators might well stop one day in their dangerous and extremely partisan legislation which they are rushing through at breakneck speed to pay a tribute to the memory of Lee, in whose splendid career and exalted character every Southern man especially should take pride. It seems almost inexplicable that in North Carolina, which furnished thousands of gallant soldiers to the Army of Northern Virginia, a single man should be found unwilling to honor the memory of the distinguished soldier who led that army to so many brilliant victories."

THE WEATHER.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, N. C., Jan. 20.

Meteorological data for yesterday:

Temperature: 8 a. m., 50°; 8 p. m 57°; maximum, 68°; minimum, 45°; mean, 56°.

Rainfall for the day ,00; rainfall for the month up to date 1.06 inches.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY.

For Virginia and North Carolina, fair; slightly colder; north winds.

Market Cart Robbed.

A market cart belonging to Mr. L. J. Mason, a farmer, was robbed on South Front street near the market house yesterday morning of a pair of scales, some twenty pounds of sausage meat, a quantity of liver pudding and hogs' feet. The robbery was perpetrated while Mr. Mason was in a store a short distance from his cart. There is no clue to the thief.

SERIOUSLY HURT.

Capt. Jno. W. Harper Meets with a Bad Accident.

Capt. Jno. W. Harper, of the steamer *Wilmington*, met with an accident Friday afternoon of an exceedingly painful and serious character.

The *Wilmington* was steaming down the river to Southport, and near Clarendon plantation, about five miles below the city, was hailed by the master of the German steamer *Remus*, who asked that the *Wilmington* take his vessel in tow. Capt. Harper went on board the steamship to make arrangements to tow the *Remus*, and in passing through a gang-way struck his head against the sharp edge of an iron beam, which almost completely scalped him. The loss of blood was very great and Capt. Harper fainted from exhaustion. Capt. Schwaren of the *Remus* showed Capt. Harper every possible attention. With a German preparation of balsam he quickly checked the profuse hemorrhage produced by severed arteries, and bandaged the wound with the skill of a ship's surgeon. Capt. Harper was taken to his home in Southport and at last accounts was as well as could be expected. The wound, however, will keep him a prisoner at his home for several weeks.

Princess Street Improving.

Princess street, between Water and Third streets, has improved wonderfully within the past few years, both in new buildings and in business. On the three blocks within the boundaries named are three of the four banks, both Telegraph Offices, the Express Office, the City Hall, the new County Court House, all the real estate agents, two newspaper offices, three job printing offices, besides dry goods, clothing and shoe stores, insurance offices and livery stables.

In the way of improvements Princess is walking right away from Market street, and it has reached a point in growth and importance that entitles it to more consideration at the hands of the city authorities. From Water to Second street the roadway should be properly paved as a beginning.

Epworth League.

On account of the second international conference of the Epworth League at Chattanooga, Tenn., June 27th to 30th, 1895, the Seaboard Air Line will sell round trip tickets to that point at reduced rates. Rate from Wilmington $16.25. Tickets to be on sale June 25th, 26th and 27th; final limit fifteen days from date of sale. Tickets may be extended for fifteen days longer, provided they are deposited with the agent of the initial line at Chattanooga on or before June 30th, 1895.

A Novel for Four Cents.

For four to five cents each you can get novels by Charles Reade, A. Conan Doyle, Rider Haggard, Miss Mulock, Miss Braddon, Wilkie Collins, Robert L. Stevenson, Alex. Dumas, Mrs. Henry Wood, Mrs. Southworth, Emerson Bennett, Nathaniel Hawthorne, W. M. Thackeray, Charles Dickens, Captain Marryat, Jules Verne and many others. These books can be obtained through the STAR. Read announcement in another column.

Farmers' Alliance.

On account of the annual meeting of the National Farmers' Alliance, Raleigh, N. C., February 5th to 8th inclusive, the Seaboard Air Line will sell round trip tickets to that point at reduced rates. Rate from Wilmington, $6.55; from Maxton $5 45. Tickets on sale February 3d, 4th and 5th with final limit for return February 12th.

Painfully Hurt.

Frank Garrason, 13 years old, son of Mr. Sim Garrason, shot himself in the right foot yesterday, accidentally, while out gunning for robbins. His foot was badly lacerated, but he managed to hobble home with the assistance of a comrade, and the doctor who attended him thinks he will be all right in a few weeks.

Quick Work.

The Jonesboro *Progress* of Friday says: "The South bound local freight train on the C. F. & Y. V. railroad was delayed here about five minutes this evening on account of the tender of the engine leaving the track. The knowledge of the trainmen in such accidents accounts for the short time in which the damage was repaired."

TRIBUTE OF RESPECT.

HIBERNIAN BENEVOLENT SOCIETY,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

WHEREAS, It having pleased our Heavenly Father to call from our midst our Brother, Lawrence Flagan, who departed this life on January 14 h, 1895,

RESOLVED, That in his death our society has lost a good and faithful member his family a kind and loving husband and father, and the community at large a true and faithful citizen,

RESOLVED, That we tender our sympathy to the family of our deceased Brother, and that a copy of the resolutions be transmitted to the family of the deceased, and that this tribute of respect be inscribed in our book of record and be sent for publication in the city papers.

JAS. MADDEN,
JOHN L. CANTWELL,
JOHN BARRY,
D. O'CONNOR,
J. W. REILLY,
} Committee.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Concord Chapter No. 1, R. A. M.

COMPANIONS—The regular Convocation will be held Monday evening, Jan. 21, at 8 o'clock. Business of importance will be up for consideration and a full attendance is desired.
W. A. MARTIN,
jan 20 1t Secretary.

Horses.

TEN of those fine family broke Virginia horses will be on sale at Southerland's stables Monday and Tuesday. Parties in need of good family and work horses would do well to inspect them at once, as they will be carried away Tuesday night if not sold.
1t DAVID MURPHY.

Leaders.

We Lead! Others follow. We are first in work, first in cleanliness and first in price. Would you not rather pay a few cents more and get the best attention and work in the State? Common sense will answer the question. Give us a trial and let us convince you that we are telling the truth. A. G. Prempert Chiropodist will be pleased to wait on all needing services in that line.
H. C. PREMPERT'S SONS,
German Barber and Hairdresser.
Experts in Barbering.
11 South Front St.

If You Want
ALL THE NEWS
IN GOOD SHAPE,
Read
THE MORNING STAR.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Great
CASH CLEARING SALE
At Katz & Polvogt's.

Force

Used, not upon our customers, but our Stock. Indiscriminate cuts in prices in every department of our establishment. We do not wish to bore you with a rhetorical display, so give you plain facts and figures throughout this sheet.

Katz & Polvogt,
116 Market Street,
Leading Dry Goods Dealers.

Dress Goods Department.

No. 1. 15c Brocatelles at 9½c.
No. 2. 35c to 50c double width Wool Dress Goods, embracing mixtures, cheviots, cashmeres and Bengalines, sold at only 25c.
No. 3. 50c and 75c all-wool suitings, 40 to 54 inches, at only 39c.
No. 4. 75c all wool habit cloth 54 inches wide at 49c.
No. 5, 90c silk finished Henriettas 40 inches wide, all colors, 60c.
No. 6. 60c all wool silk finished Henriettos only 39c yard.
No. 7. Navy & Black storm Serge only 49c.
No. 8. 70c all wool 46 inch storm Serge only 49c.
No. 9. $1.25 all wool sail storm Serge only 98c.
No. 10. Our entire stock of Waists, silk, having sold at $1.19 to 1.50, sold at the uniform price of 75c.
No. 11. $1.25 Crepe de Cheneon, evening shades, only 85c.
No. 12. 75c 46 inch Muslin de Soie, only 39c, evening shades.
No. 13. $1.25 Black Satins only 69c.
No. 14. Mourning Dress Goods—$1.25 silk finished Henriettas only 89c.
No. 15. 90c silk finished Henrietta only 60c.
No. 16. $2.00 mourning veils only $1.25 per yard.
No. 17. Made veils, hemstiched and hemmed, at half prices.
No. 18. Mourning cashmere shawls at half price.
Flannel underware under cost.
40 to 50c children's flannels only 25c.
75c children's flannels only 50c.
50c ladies' ribbed vests only 25c.
75c ladies' natural wool vests only 50c.
Every ladies' flannel vest and pants over $1.25, some having sold for $2.50, will be sold at the uniform price, 98c.

Cloak Department.

No. 1. $5.00 Black Cloaks at only $2.00.
No. 2. $10.00 Cloaks at only $5.00.
No. 3. $15.00 to $18.00 Cloaks only $9.98.
No. 4. Children's 4 to 8 year Garments only $2.00 worth $5.00.
No. 5. Babies' Elderdown Coats with Angora fur worth $2.00, this week 98c.
Children's Caps—2,000 New Silk Caps just opened at half price—60c Caps, 39c; 80c Caps, 59c; 85c Caps, 65c; $1.10 Caps, 89c; $1.50 Caps, $1.00.
Babies' long coats, cashmere and silk, embroidered, $1.50 to 5.00.
Blankets—$1 25 grade, 75c; 3.00 grade, 1.50; 7.50 grade, 4.50.
Comforts—$6.00 Down Comforts, 4.50; 4.50 Fine Cotton Bat, 2.20; small size, 50c.
Rugs—$2.50 Willow Rugs, 1 50; 3.00 Persian Rugs, 1.98, 36x72.
75c Cocoa Matting, only 50c.
89c Shades fringed and patent rollers, only 49c.
Mattings—200 rolls just opened, purchased under the hammer.
15c mattting 9½c; 25c seamless 16 2-3c; 40c cotton warp 20c.
Hosiery Department—Great drive in this Department—15c Children's Black Hose only 10c; 40c Children's Fast Black Hose, silk finished, 25c; 25c Ladies' Fast Black Hose only 15c.
35c Ladies Black Hose, only 19c.
45c Ladies Black Hose, only 25c.
1,000 other bargains during the great Cash Clearing Sale at

Katz & Polvogt's.
116 Market Street,
WILMINGTON, N. C.
jan 20 tf

Will Leave for Atlanta, Ga

MY ENTIRE STOCK OF
Clothing, Hats & Gent's Furnishing Goods
will be closed out within the next ten days AT
PRICES NEVER SOLD IN THIS CITY BEFORE. Cost will be no object.
OVERCOATS will be sold at 50 CENTS ON THE DOLLAR. Remember that I mean business. The stock must be sold within the specified time from date. Therefore do not miss this opportunity.
I. SHRIER,
jan 18 1w Cor. Front and Princess Sts.

For Rent,

THREE DESIRABLE DWELLINGS Recently repaired and put in good order.
1. Southwest corner Dock and Second streets, 12 rooms, with gas, water and other conveniences.
2. Dwelling southwest corner Dock and Fifth streets 8 rooms, with gas, water, &c.
3. New dwelling, Six h, between Princess and Chestnut streets, 8 rooms, with all modern conveniences.
For terms apply to J. W. SNEEDEN,
jan 19 tf Smith Building, Princess St.

PUBLISHER'S ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily news paper a North Carolina, is published daily except Monday, at $6 00 per year, $3 00 for six months, $1 50 for three months, 50 cents for one month, to mail subscribers. Delivered to city subscribers at the rate of 15 cents per week for any period from one week to one year.

ADVERTISING RATES (DAILY).—One square one day, $1 00; two days, $1 75; three days, $2 50; four days, $3 00; five days, $3 50; one week, $4 00; two weeks, $6 50; three weeks, $8 50; one month, $10 00; two months $17 00; three months, $24 00; six months, $40 00; twelve months, $60 00. Ten lines of solid Nonpareil type make one square.

THE WEEKLY STAR is published every Friday morning at $1 00 per year, 50 cents for six months, 30 cents for three months.

All announcements of Fairs, Festivals, Balls, Hops, Picnics, Society Meetings, Political Meetings, &c., will be charged regular advertising rates.

Notices under head of "City Items" 20 cents per line first insertion, and 10 cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Advertisements discontinued before the time contracted for has expired charged transient rates for time actually published.

No advertisements inserted in Local Columns at any price.

A announcement and recommendations of candidates for office, whether in the shape of communications or otherwise, will be charged as advertisements.

Payments for transient advertisements must be made in advance. Known parties, or strangers with proper reference, may pay monthly or quarterly, according to contract.

Remittances must be made by Check, Draft, Postal Money Order, Express or in Registered Letter. Only such remittances will be at the risk of the publisher.

Communications, unless they contain important news or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected if the real name of the author is withheld.

Notices of Marriage or Death, Tributes of Respect Resolutions of Thanks, &c., are charged for as ordinary advertisements, but only half rates when paid for strictly in advance. At this rate 50 cents will pay for a simple announcement of Marriage or Death.

An extra charge will be made for double-column or triple-column advertisements.

Advertisements inserted once a week in Daily will be charged $1 00 per square for each insertion. Every other day, three-fourths of daily rate. Twice a week, two-thirds of daily rate.

Contract advertisers will not be allowed to exceed their space or advertise anything foreign to their regular business without extra charge at transient rates.

Advertisements kept under the head of "New Advertisements" will be charged fifty per cent. extra.

Advertisements to follow reading matter, or to occupy any special place, will be charged extra according to the position desired.

Amusement, Auction and Official advertisements [illegible] square for each insertion.

The Morning Star.

By WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING, JAN. 20, 1895

HELPING HERSELF.

North Carolina, though for some reason characterized as a backward State, has not only held her own in the march of industrial progress, but has led States which make more parade and a great deal more noise. She is not a trumpet-blower, is not constantly heralding, with a grand flourish, what she is doing and has done, and for this reason many are ignorant of what she is doing, and yet we venture to say that there has been as much substantial progress made in North Carolina within the past twenty years as in any State in the South, with the possible exception of Texas, which has an immense territory, into which great numbers of immigrants from other States have been pouring for years.

We will venture to say, too, that no State in the South has manifested more self dependence, looked less to outside help, or accomplished more by the unaided efforts of its own people, operating with their own means. This has been conspicuously shown in the movement to build cotton factories, in the number of which this State now leads all the Southern States. This has not been a spasmodic movement based upon a boom, but has been steady and continuous, every year adding to the number of mills, and every mill proving a success, thus giving evidence that it was founded in judgment, and conducted on business principles.

While there are some mills of large proportions and productive capacity the majority of them are what are called small mills, such as were within the reach of moderate capital, a fact upon which the State is to be congratulated, for it has resulted in distributing the mills throughout a large portion of the State, thus in each case making a nucleus for what in the future may become small industrial centers. There are few of these mills around which do not cluster little communities, many of which are preferable to one or two distinctively manufacturing communities of large proportions. While training manufacturers and artisans these little communities retain their rural characteristics, and escape many of the evils to which the larger communities are liable. In the larger communities the worker becomes a mere machine, the employer a taskmaster whose only use for the man-machine is to get all the work and profit he can out of it, without caring what becomes of it then; but in these smaller communities it is not so, for the neighborly relations between employer and employed are never totally lost sight of in the effort to make dollars and cents out of the sweat of the worker. While there is and must be business method and discipline there is more social democracy and the employed do not look upon the employer as a man to be worshipped or dreaded. Therefore we say that North Carolina is to be congratulated on the fact that her milling industry is not confined to a few centers, but is distributed in such a way as to produce the best results with the least harm.

The following interesting figures given in the last report of Mr. Lacy of the Bureau of Labor, shows the progress in mill building since 1870, and their distribution. In 1870 there were in the State 33 cotton mills, operating 39,897 spindles; in 1880, there were 49 operating 92,385 spindles and 2,954 looms; in 1893, there were 66 mills, operating 243,119 spindles and 6,146 looms, distributed through 23 counties; in 1894, there were 177 mills operating 477,804 spindles and 10,309 looms, over five fold increase in mills, over twelve-fold increase in spindles, and about five-fold increase in looms in twenty-four years.

North Carolina presents advantages for the establishment of mills possessed by no State that we know of to a greater and by few to as great a degree. Topographically the State is divided into plain, reaching back for some distance from the sea (practically a dead level), rolling lands from this plain to the foot of the mountains that skirt her Northern border. There is not a stream that runs from the highlands to the plain that does not present at some point or points falls that furnish power for one or more mills, and sometimes many, while there are some of them that would furnish power enough to turn all the wheels in New England. The mountain ranges cast their shadows over more than half the length of her Northern border, and from these come the small streams that grow as they run, gather volume from the feeders on the way and become mighty powers before they reach the rivers on the plain.

Nearly all these streams cross the State from North to South. A railroad train running from East to West would cross several rivers, every one of which has immense and some unlimited water power, as, for instance, the Roanoke, Haw river, the Dan, Deep river, the Yadkin, the Catawba, with numerous smaller streams abounding in power but with less volume of water. The abundance of these water powers has prevented a fictitious value being put upon them and hence they are within the reach of men of limited means.

The same causes which within the past twenty-four years have given such steady impetus to the building of cotton mills will continue to operate in the future and North Carolina will continue to hold her place at the head of the column.

MINOR MENTION.

Senator Hill was the only Democratic Senator who aligned himself with the Republicans in opposition to the income tax. He not only did that but he went so far as to refuse to vote for the tariff bill because it contained that income tax feature Failing to defeat it in that way he has since kept up the fight and combined with Senator Quay, who achieved reputation as the great obstructionist when the tariff bill was before the Senate, to obstruct the collection of the tax and nullify the law. His defence for this obstinacy and disloyalty to the Democratic party is that an income tax is undemocratic and unconstitutional. This latter assertion was met and disposed of in a few words by Senator Pelier, of Colorado, a Republican, in his reply to Senator Hill:

"I do not intend," he said, "to spend very much time on the question presented by the Senator from New York (Mr. Hill), as to the constitutionality of the income tax. I think it sufficient to say that a hundred years ago the Supreme Court of the United States laid down a rule which governs this case, and it was followed from that time up to 1890 without any break.

"There are but four kinds of taxes that are levied in this country by the National Government. We have import duties, excise duties, a capitation tax, and a real estate tax, under certain circumstances. An income tax falls under one of the recognized powers to levy excise duties. The Supreme Court in 1880 declared that the old law was a constitutional law. The Supreme Court has defined what is a direct tax and what is not a direct tax in language so plain that there can be no mistake about it. I know the newspapers of late have been filled with learned arguments from learned lawyers to the effect that this is a direct tax, but they run counter to the opinion of the Supreme Court delivered in 1795, and affirmed as late as 1880."

The real objection which Senator Hill has to the income tax is that New York being a great wealth center would pay a large amount of the tax, a tax which the payers would not feel out of their hoarded millions and easily earned incomes. He fights against imposing this burden upon them which they can so easily bear, and wants it transferred to the shoulders of the toiling millions who have to struggle and struggle hard for what they earn. That may be Mr. Hill's idea of Democracy, but there are not many Democrats who share it with him.

* * *

It is pretty apparent to every one who keeps track of the proceedings in the Legislature at Raleigh that the Republican leaders are playing the Populists and using them to carry out schemes by which they believe the Republican party will be benefitted and strengthened hereafter. The following from the *News and Observer* of Friday about covers the situation and the intent:

A well known Republican, whose name we are not permitted to print at this time, said to a gentleman in this city yesterday:

"The Republicans will vote for Butler for the United States Senate, or do most anything else that the Populists demand in this Legislature until the county government system and the election law are changed. We Republicans can afford to pay any price to have these laws made to suit us. Once enacted, we have the whip hand, and we will ask the Populists to come into our party and be swallowed. If they don't we will not trouble for with the control of the election laws and the levying of taxes and making disbursements, we will have the State, regardless of what the Democrats or Populists separately try to do."

They are compelled to play it fine now and co-operate with the Populists because Populist votes are necessary to carry out their programme for entrenching their party in power. When they feel assured that this has been done and that they can wage battle with a prospect of success without the co operation of the Populists, they will dump them with as little thought or ceremony as one would cast away the remains of a sucked orange. Marion Butler has secured what he has been planning and working for, some of his co workers have gotten all they expected and will in due time drop into the Republican party as naturally as the frog takes to the pool where it belongs.

* * *

Although the gold reserve in the Treasury has fallen to a little over $70,000,000, a loss of $40,000,000 since the replenishment by the last sale of bonds, we are informed by a Washington dispatch that the Treasury officials do not feel any uneasiness, that there is no talk of issuing more bonds and that no more will be issued until the reserve falls below $50,000,000. But how long will it be at the present rate of tapping before the $50,000,000 mark will be reached? The draining is going on steadily, every day adding largely to the amount drawn out, a large portion of which is being stored in the vaults of the New York banks to be used in the purchase of the next issue of bonds if one should be made. The bankers are working with that view, and this accounts for the continuous draw on the Treasury. But how is the issue to be kept up without borrowing? The revenue of the Government may increase but this does not supply the Government with gold, because the custom dues may be and are paid in other kinds of money, the Treasury pursues the course of paying out gold for redeemable paper presented, and every mother's son of them who presents a note wants gold for it, and gets it. Possibly Congress may do something to require payment in part, at least, of the custom dues in gold, and then it may not, for the Republicans are chuckling to themselves over the embarrassments of the Treasury. In the meantime if the Treasury officials feel no uneasiness, and apprehend no necessity for another issue of bonds, they must be of a very happy temperament.

CURRENT COMMENT.

— The decision of Judge Shepard, of the Court of Appeals of the District of Columbia, in the sugar bounty case, is unquestionably based on sound constitutional law. There is no authority in the Constitution given Congress to bestow bounties. There is no direct power; nor, even by the most lax constitution, is any such power inferentially given.—*New Orleans States, Dem.*

— Besides the value of the Northern capital and the increase in our industries which will result from the coming of Northern manufacturers to the South, there will be the additional good result of getting a large number of intelligent men from the East to settle among our people, and see for themselves the falsity of the Southern outrage business which they have been accustomed to swallow from their biased newspapers.—*Augusta Chronicle, Dem.*

— The new Tariff bill just passed by the Argentine Congress is distinctly friendly to this country, marked reductions having been made in articles produced in the United States. For example, the reduction in the duties on pitch pine will reach about $250,000 a year. Crude petroleum in figures, it is believed, on the free list, and the duty on farm wagons is reduced from 60 per cent. to 10 per cent. On canned fruits and vegetables a reduction of 50 per cent. has been made from the former rate—30 per cent. Some of these reductions mean a larger market for this country, while the last two practically throw open to our exporters a new market, with great trade possibilities. It rests with American commercial enterprise to go in and possess that land.—*Philadelphia Record, Dem.*

TWINKLINGS.

— "Your new servant girl is very pious, I hear."

"Yes; if she was as careful about the crockery as she is about the ten commandments she would be a jewel"—*New York Press.*

— Professor (returning home at night hears noise)—Is someone there?

Burglar (under the bed)—No.

"That's strange. I was positive some one under my bed."—*London Tid Bits*

— "Yes," remarked the egg, "my theatrical venture was a great success. I was cast for the villain and made a great hit."—*Truth.*

— Willie.—I am ambitious to go before the foot-lights.

She—Then you had better run along before papa comes downstairs.—*Syracuse Post.*

— Mabel—"A lot of us girls have established a secret society. Jack"

Jack—"What are the objects of it?"

Mabel—"Why, we meet together and tell secrets, of course."—*Boston Globe.*

— Jacques—She is a most adorable girl—a perfect poem.'

Jule—Yes; she is profoundly intellectual.

Jacques—That's why I call her a poem; I can't understand her."—*Detroit Free Press.*

ALL FOR ONE DOLLAR.

Twenty-Five Choice Novels for One Coupon and One Dollar—Note the Authors.

Examine this list of standard novels. You can get the 25 books for one coupon and One Dollar, and they will be sent post-paid to any address. See announcement in another column for coupon and complete list of books.

THESE 25 FOR ONE DOLLAR.

No. 51—A Rogue's Life; By Wilkie Collins.
No. 50—Treasure Island; By Robert L Stevenson.
No. 48—The Red Hill Tragedy; By Emma D E N Southworth.
No. 44—In Durance Vile; By "The Duchess."
No. 43—Meeting Her Fate; By Miss M E Braddon.
No. 42—Hickory Hall; By Emma D E N Southworth.
No. 40—The Heiress of Hilldrop; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 35—Grandfather's Chair; By Nathaniel Hawthorne.
No. 33—The Surgeon's Daughter; by Sir Walter Scott.
No. 31—No Thoroughfare; By Charles Dickens and Wilkie Collins.
No. 29—The Wandering Heir; By Charles Reade.
No. 27—The Squire's Darling; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No. 25—The Siege of Granada By Sir E Bulwer Lytton.
No. 22—The Sea King; by Captain Marryat.
No. 20—Mr Gilfil's Love Story, By Geo Eliot.
No. 19—The Armorer of Tyre; By Sylv Cobb, Jr.
No. 17—Rock Rula, or The Daughter of the Island, By Mrs Ann S Stephens.
No. 16—A Study in Scarlet; By A Conan Doyle.
No. 14—Nurse Revels Mistake; By Florence Warden
No. 12—The Black Tulip; by Alexander Dumas.
No. 11—The Belle of Lynn, or The Miller's Daughter; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of Dora Thorne
No. 9—The Black Bear; By Sir Walter Scott.
No. 6—The Corsican Brothers; By Alex Dumas.
No. 4—King Solomon's Mines; By H Rider Haggard
No 1—The Scarlet Letter; By Nathan'l Hawthorne

Monroe Whalen, of Birmingham, Ala write: "I purchased six bottles of your Japanese Pile Cure from Mr. Amzi Godden, and it has entirely cured me of a case of Piles of 22 years standing; will advise my friends to use it." J. H. HARDING, J. HICKS BUNTING. †

SUNDAY SELECTIONS.

— My sister! let the night be ne'er so dark,
The moon is surely somewhere in the sky.
—*Mrs. Browning.*

— It is astonishing how soon the whole conscience begins to unravel if a single stitch drops; one single sin indulged in makes a hole you could put your head through.—*Charles Buxton.*

— Envy not another's bright thoughts from the word, but to rock thyself; there are still sections upon sections of untouched honeycomb, just as sweet as any ever yet enjoyed.—*Free Will Baptist.*

— We often mistake worry for trouble. Trouble feeds; worry strives. Trouble builds up; worry pulls down both body and soul. Trouble comes because God allows it; we worry in spite of Him.—*Rev E L Pell.*

— The man who has persuaded himself that he has a special call to criticize officials in the church and arraign his brethren for their short comings is to be watched. He ought to study the incident of the Pharisee and Publican, and then spend a good time with his own eyes before he goes more hunting in the eyes of other people.—*Christian Advocate.*

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Murfreesboro *Index*: Capt. E. Jester died Monday afternoon at his home here in the 72nd year of his age, after an illness of several weeks.

— Smithfield *Herald*: There were ten Populists and and Republicans from this county who went to Raleigh and applied for offices in the Legislature. Of this number nine were white and one colored. The colored applicant, John Beckwith, was the only man who succeeded in getting a position. The position pays him about five dollars per day.

— Statesville *Landmark*: A young son of Mr. E. E. Arey, of Chambersburg township, got hold of a dynamite cartridge a few days ago and holding the cartridge in his left hand and an awl in his right, proceeded to investigate it. The cartridge exploded and the boy's hand was terribly lacerated. Drs. H. F. Long and W. F. Chenault amputated two fingers and dressed the wound, and at last accounts the boy was getting on all right.

— Chatham *Record*: We much regret to hear of the death of Mr. Wesley Griffin, who died at his residence in this township on last Tuesday, aged about 80 years. —— The heavy rains on last Wednesday and Thursday caused all the streams in this county to be unusually high. Indeed all the streams, except Haw river, were higher than ever before known by the oldest inhabitants. Deep river was higher than anyone ever before saw it.

— Winston *Sentinel*: The Davie *Times* learns that L G. Hunt's tobacco factory, near Farmington was seized by Deputy Collector E. E Hunt a few days ago, for the alleged violation of the internal revenue laws. The re-use of stamps caused the seizure. Ratledge's distillery, near Mocksville, was also seized on last Monday by Deputy Collector Hunt, for the alleged violation of the internal revenue laws. It is stated that the distillery kept more beer on hand than was allowed by law.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: A pitiful sight was witnessed in this city yesterday—that of a white man and two small children who had tramped all the way from a distant point in South Carolina to this place, making their way back home to Camden county, in the extreme northeastern section of our State. The man said he moved to South Carolina some time ago with his family, and soon after settling there his wife was taken sick and died; the youngest child soon followed its mother into the silent land," and now, broken and homeless, he is making his way back home (?) with his two motherless little ones, who are themselves almost infants.

— Stanly *News*: Fred Wade, son of C C. Wade, of Troy, lost his eye in a peculiar manner the other day. He was attending school and the boys were separated from the girls by a partition running through the school room, but in order to get a peep at the girls the boys had bored a hole through the wall. While young Wade had his eye glued to the augerhole in order to get a peep at his girl the object of his affections jabbed a hattpin through the hole and hit the boy in the eye. The injury was accidental, the girl having been engaged in idly shoving the pin through the whole when Mr. Wade put his eye there. The eye was taken out by Dr. Battle of Raleigh.

AN AUTUMN NOVELTY.

A Gown With Epaulets Especially Adapted For Figures.

One of the season's novel effects in light cloth gowns is shown in our illustration. It is made of biscuit colored faced cloth, a very popular and becoming fabric. The widely flaring skirt falls in godet plaits in the back and is garnished by a row of lace, bordered on either edge by a narrow strap of cloth. If a more effective trimming is desired, the lace may be bordered by bands of brown velvet instead of the straps of cloth.

Four bands of lace, inserted in the close fitting bodice, divide the latter into five strips, each one of which tapers to the waist. Large epaulets of rich brown velvet fall over the shoul-

AN AUTUMN NOVELTY.

ders, and, if desired, may be bordered by an insertion of lace, laid over the velvet. The epaulets should be lined with brown silk and with crinoline or haircloth. The gigot or leg o' mutton sleeves are very full and stand out at the shoulders. The high collar is of lace, and a full belt of brown velvet is finished by a bow at the left side.

This gown is peculiarly adapted to the stout figure, as it produces a long waisted appearance. This is effected by the narrow belt, the tight fitting bodice, without any fullness whatever, and by the vertical trimming. The back of the corsage is garnished in the same manner as the front.

An admirable gown in this style could be fashioned in dark blue English serge, with strips of mink fur substituted for the lace insertion.

The epaulets and belt would then be made of the new black and white check velvet, with hairline of cerise, and the epaulets would be edged with mink. Narrow cuffs of the velvet, edged with fur, could also be added with much effect.—Philadelphia Ledger.

THE STAR'S FASHION HINTS.

GARMENTS FOR GIRLS.

Round Belted Bodices, Gay Colors and Light Weight Goods.

It is well to avoid the use of very heavy materials for the wear of young girls. Their rapid growth makes sufficient drain upon the strength to render it inadvisable to give them much weight to carry. A sense of langnor and weariness is sure to be the result, and it is likely to disgust them with exercise if it is always accompanied by fatigue. Girls are ready enough to shirk the daily walk, even when lightly shod and lightly clad, but when they are weighed down with heavy clothes and their feet incased in very thick soled, mahine made boots they have some excuse for neglecting the daily walk that should go so far to keep them in good health.

In this matter of boots and shoes it is impossible to be too careful. The fashionable pointed toes work endless mischief, deforming the feet and rendering walking a penalty to be dreaded, instead of a pleas-

GIRLS' COSTUME.

ure to be enjoyed. There is no need to have the boots made so square as to be disfiguringly hideous, but the narrow points should be rigidly avoided.

Bright colors are favored for the wear of children and young girls this season, brighter, if possible, than the tints worn by women, although it would be difficult to find any tone now considered too brilliant for maturity. It is not thought necessary to tone down clear colors for young people, however, and the touch of black that is found in most grownup gowns is by no means a feature of girls' costumes. The round, belted bodice is almost invariable, while a bertha or wide collar usually covers the shoulders.

The costume of which an illustration is given is intended for a girl 14 years old. It is of rose colored cloth trimmed with wine tinted velvet. The only trimming of the bell skirt consists of a row of velvet chaux set near the foot at regular intervals. The round bodice is plaited back and front and is confined at the waist by a velvet belt closing at the side under a chou. A wide collar bordered by a ruffle edged with a band of velvet covers the shoulders. The sleeves have a balloon puff above the elbow and a long, tight cuff below it. The large, twisted hat is of rose felt, trimmed with wine velvet and black ostrich plumes. JUDIC CHOLLET.

PARIS DOINGS.

Crusade Started Against the Use of Birds In the Fashionable Toilet.

France, being the fountain head of fashion, is doubtless responsible for the extensive use of birds and wings for millinery purposes, but this crime has at last, it seems, brought its own punishment. Not only have imported tropical feathers been employed, but native resources have been drawn upon to such an extent that agriculturists are beginning to be alarmed at the immense increase of insects. The slaughter of birds has been unsparing, and bugs of all kinds, thus freed from the discouraging influence of their natural enemies, have multiplied exceedingly and devoured all before them. Man is helpless before the insect host. No insecticide that he can invent, no labor that he can perform, will make any appreciable inroad upon it. Nature alone can keep it in check, and she does so by means of birds, whose own life is dependent upon the destruction of insects, and who are therefore efficient and untiring executioners. A single nestful of birds destroys thousands of bugs and worms in a season, so the in-

WINTER COSTUME.

crease of the latter when the birds themselves are killed off in thousands is incredibly large.

Mme. Casimir-Perier, wife of the president of the republic, has organized a crusade against the use of birds, breasts and wings for decorative purposes, and a movement thus authorized is likely to be attended with success. If Paris gives the word, of course England and America will abandon this barbarous custom; otherwise we, too, may find a plague descending upon us rivaling those of Egypt.

But Paris can boast of other novelties besides bird crusades. A galaxy of winter toilets has appeared, so brilliant as to be bewildering. Among these gowns is an out of door costume in havana velvet that is particularly attractive. The bell skirt is cut in scallops near the foot, and the scallops are edged with martin fur. Below these is a flounce of black beaded lace over black satin. The round, cuirass corsage is cut in scallops at the top and has a square black satin yoke covered with beaded lace. The sleeves have lace epaulets. The flaring cape accompanying the gown consists of alternate panels of velvet and lace covered black satin and is trimmed and bordered with fur.

JUDIC CHOLLET.

Effective Courtesy.

There's a bit of courtesy extended in at least one of the biggest dry goods stores in the city in the way of receipting bills that does not pass unappreciated by those fortunate enough to receive it.

In the office of this store there is at least one employee whose services must be valuable to the firm. Every receipted bill that comes from his hand is inscribed with a simple "Thank you!" in the right hand corner.

The words, unimportant in themselves, have a magic effect upon the patrons of the store and invoke a kindly feeling that surely must induce them to return again, and again make purchases where paying bills even is a pleasure, because there is some consideration shown the debtor.

Courtesy goes a great way in this world and is a valuable adjunct to one's character.—Buffalo News.

To Soften Hard Water.

To soften hard water take spirits of wine, a quart; orange flower water, a pint; marine soap, 1½ pounds. Shave up the soap and put it into the orange flower water, heat till the soap dissolves, then add the spirit. A tablespoonful of this put into the bottom of the basin will completely soften the water that is put into it for washing.

OLD NEWSPAPERS FOR SALE AT THIS office. Suitable for wrapping paper.

DUKE CIGARETTES

MADE FROM
High Grade Tobacco
AND
ABSOLUTELY PURE

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Broke the Record.

Miss Page of Norwich, England, is to be credited with the distinction of being the first woman who has ever spoken in the Foresters' high court. On the concluding day of the congress there was a discussion regarding the wisdom of electing a male trustee or treasurer for a female court. It was notable that the lady leaned strongly to the male side of the question, saying that "it was nonsense to say that women were as competent as men to manage or advise as to monetary matters. If they elected a woman to this office, she would consult her husband, and they thought it better that the gentleman should be consulted direct by the court and hold a position of responsibility."—London Letter.

Don't Tobacco Spit or Smoke Your Life Away.

is the truthful, startling title of a book about No-To Bac, the harmless, guaranteed tobacco habit cure that braces up nicotinized nerves, eliminates the nicotine poison, makes weak men gain strength, vigor and manhood. You run no physical or financial risk, as No-To-Bac is sold by R. R. BELLAMY & CO. under a guarantee to cure or money refunded. Book free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., New York or Chicago. †

Marvelous Results.

From a letter written by Rev J Gunderman, of Dimondale, Mich, we are permitted to make this extract: "I have no besitation in recommending Dr. King's New Discovery, as the results were almost marvelous in the case of my wife. While I was pastor of the Baptist church at Rives Junction she was brought down with Pneumonia succeeding La Grippe. Terrible paroxysms of coughing would last hours with little interruption and it seemed as if she could not survive them. A friend recommended Dr. King's New Discovery; it was quick in its work and highly satisfactory in results." Trial bottles free at R R BELLAMY'S drug store. Regular size 50c and $1 00. †

Wholesale Prices Current.

☞ The following quotations represent Wholesale Prices generally. In making up small orders highe prices have to be charged.

The quotations are always given as accurately a possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted.

BAGGING—			
2-lb Jute		@	6
Standard	7½	@	7
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams, ₩ lb	13½	@	14
Sides, ₩ lb	8½	@	10
Shoulders, ₩ lb		@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides, ₩ lb	6½	@	7
Shoulders, ₩ lb	6½	@	
BARRELS— Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each	1 00	@	1 15
New New York, each	1 35	@	1 40
New City, each		@	1 40
BEESWAX, ₩ lb		@	30
BRICKS—			
Wilmington, ₩ M	5 50	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina, ₩ lb	15	@	25
Northern	25	@	28
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks		@	55
Virginia Meal	55	@	57½
COTTON TIES— ₩ bundle		@	70
CANDLES— ₩ lb—			
Sperm	18	@	25
Adamantine	9	@	10
CHEESE— ₩ lb—			
Northern Factory	10	@	11
Dairy Cream	11	@	12
State		@	10
COFFEE— ₩ lb—			
Laguyra	27	@	28
Rio	20	@	23
Rio	15	@	19
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ₩ yard	6	@	6½
Yarns, ₩ bunch	18	@	20
EGGS— ₩ dozen		@	20
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ barrel	22 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ₩ half-barrel	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ barrel	16 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ₩ half-barrel	8 00	@	9 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ₩ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ₩ barrel	3 25	@	4 00
Mullets, ₩ pork barrel		@	7 00
N. C. Roe Herring, ₩ keg	3 50	@	4 00
Dry Cod, ₩ lb	5	@	10
FLOUR— ₩ barrel—			
Western, low grade	2 50	@	3 50
" Extra	2 75	@	4 25
" Straight	3 25	@	
Second Patent	3 50	@	
First Patent	4 25	@	4 50
City Mills—Super		@	3 50
" Family	3 25	@	
GLUE— ₩ lb—	7½	@	10
GRAIN— ₩ bushel—			
Corn, from store, bags—White	55	@	60
Corn, cargo, in bulk—White	55	@	60
Corn, cargo, in bags—White	55	@	60
Corn, mixed, from store		@	60
Oats, from store		@	45
Oats, Rust Proof		@	35
Cow Peas		@	60
HIDES, ₩ lb—			
Green		@	4
Dry		@	3½
HAY, ₩ 100 lbs—			
Eastern		@	1 00
Western		@	90
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ₩ lb	2	@	2½
LARD, ₩ lb—			
Northern	6½	@	9
North Carolina	6½	@	9
LIME, ₩ barrel		@	1 25
LUMBER (city sawed)— ₩ M feet—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	20 00
Rough-Edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West Indies cargoes, according to quality	18 00	@	18 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, common	14 00	@	15 00
MOLASSES— ₩ gallon—			
New Crop Cuba, in hhds		@	26
" " in bbls		@	26
Porto Rico, in hhds	25	@	27½
" " in bbls		@	27
Sugar-House, in hhds		@	14
" " in bbls		@	16
Syrup, in bbls	35	@	45
NAILS, ₩ keg, Cut, 60d basis		@	1 25
OILS, ₩ gallon—			
Kerosene	10	@	14
Lard		@	60
Linseed	75	@	80
Rosin	15	@	18
Tar		@	30
Deck and Spar		@	25
POULTRY—			
Chickens, Live, grown	20	@	25
" Spring	10	@	20
Turkeys	60	@	1 00
PEANUTS, ₩ bushel 28 lbs	35	@	50
POTATOES, ₩ bushel—			
Sweet	30	@	45
Irish, ₩ barrel	2 25	@	3 00
PORK, ₩ barrel—			
City Mess		@	14 00
Rump		@	14 00
Prime		@	14 00
RICE—Carolina, ₩ lb	4	@	5
Rough—₩ bushel (Upland)	80	@	70
" " (Lowland)	1 00	@	1 15½
RAGS, ₩ lb—Country		@	1¾
City		@	2
ROPE, ₩ lb	10	@	22
SALT, ₩ sack—Alum		@	75
Liverpool		@	65
Lisbon		@	
American		@	50
" 125-₩ Sacks	45	@	50
SHINGLES, 7-inch, & M	5 00	@	7 00
Common	2 00	@	2 50
Cypress Saps	4 50	@	5 00
Cypress Heart		@	7 50
SUGAR, ₩ lb—Standard Gran'd		@	4½
Standard A		@	4¼
White Ex C		@	4¼
Extra C, Golden		@	4
C, Yellow		@	3½
SOAP, ₩ lb—Northern	3½	@	
STAVES, ₩ M—W. O. Barrel	8 00	@	14
R O Hogshead		@	10 00
TIMBER, ₩ M feet—Shipping	12 00	@	13 00
Mill, Prime	8 00	@	9 50
Mill, Fair	6 50	@	7 50
Common Mill	4 00	@	5 00
Inferior to Ordinary	3 00	@	4 00
TALLOW, ₩ lb	5	@	
WHISKEY, ₩ gallon—Northern	1 00	@	2
North Carolina	1 00	@	2
WOOL, ₩ lb—Washed	14	@	18
Clear of burs	10	@	
Burry		@	

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, Jan. 14.

Holiday. Produce Exchange closed. No business in naval stores or cotton.

DOMESTIC MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, January 19—Evening—Money on call was nominally 1 per cent. Prime mercantile paper 3@4 per cent. Sterling exchange firm with actual business in bankers' bills at 488@488¼ for sixty days and 488¼@489 for demand. Commercial bills 487½. Government bonds steady; United States coupon fours 118; United States twos 97. State bonds firm; North Carolina fours 100, North Carolina sixes 124. Railroad bonds weaker.

Silver at the Stock Exchange to-day was 60¼@60¾.

COMMERCIAL.

NEW YORK January 19—Evening Cotton closed quiet; middling gulf 6c, middling uplands 5¾c.

Futures closed steady, with sales of 81 000 bales; January 5.53c; February 5.53c; March 5 57c; April 5.60c; May 5.64c; June 5.68c; July 5.72c; August 5 76c; September 5.80, October 5.80c.

Net receipts 1,104 bales; gross receipts 7,701 bales; exports to Great Britain 1,422 bales; exports to France — bales; exports to the Continent —— bales; forwarded 4,290 bales; sales — bales, sales to spinners — bales; stock (actual) 181,778 bales.

Total to-day-Net receipts 28,102 bales; exports to Great Britain 25,148 bales; exports to France 18 268 bales; exports to the Continent 9,844 bales; stock 1,018,405 bales.

Total since September 1—Net receipts 5,220 764 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,128,894 bales; exports to France 575 332 bales; exports to the Continent 1,499 418 bales; to the Channel — bales.

Flour quoted dull, neglected and easy; —winter wheat, low grades $2 05@2 60; fair to fancy grades $2 50@2 95, patents $2 75@3 20; Minnesota clear $2 30@2 70, patents $3 40@3 95, low extras $2 05@2 60. Southern flour dull and easy, common to fair extra $2 10@3 00; good to choice do. $3 10@3 50. Wheat dull and ½c lower but steady, No 2 red in store and at elevator 60¾c; afloat 62¼@62¾c; options dull and ½@¾c lower, but closing steady; No. 2 red January 60¾c; February 61¼, March 61¾c; May 62½. Corn dull and easy; No. 2 at elevator 51; afloat 52½c; options were dull and steady at ¼@⅜c decline; January 51c, February 50¾c, May 50¾c. Oats dull lower and weak; options easier; January 33½c; February 33¾c; May 34½c; spot—No. 2, 33¾c; mixed Western 34½@35c. Hay dull and easy; shipping 50@55c; good to choice 70@75c. Wool was in moderate demand and steady; domestic fleece 15@19c; pulled 12@38c; Texas —c. Beef quiet and unchanged; beef hams dull at $17 00; tierced beef dull; city extra India mess $15 00@16 00. Cut meats quiet and weak; pickled bellies 5¾c; pickled shoulders 4½@4¾c; pickled hams 8@8½c. Lard quiet and steady; Western steam $7 00, city $6 87½; Juanary $7 00, nominal; May $7 20, nominal; refined dull; Continent $7 60; South America $

Your Strength Renewed

AND YOUR RUNDOWN SYSTEM BUILT UP AND REORGANIZED.

A few bot tles of S.S.S. will do it. If you are troubled with a depressed, languid feeling, and lack of energy, your blood is not right, and needs purifying.

S.S.S. Will thoroughly clear away all impurities and impart new vigor and life to the whole system.

"I have used your medicine often for the past eight years, and feel safe in saying that it is the best general health restorer in the world."
F. H. GIBSON, Batesville, Ark.

Our Treatise on Blood and Skin diseases mailed free.
SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, Atlanta, Ga.

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MAGNETIC NERVINE.

-BEFORE - AFTER-

Is sold with written guarantee to cure Nervous Prostration, Fits, Dizziness, Headache and Neuralgia and Wakefulness, caused by excessive use of Opium Tobacco and Alcoholism; Mental Depression, Softening of the Brain, causing Insanity and Death; Premature Old Age, Involuntary Losses, caused by over-indulgence, over-exertion of the Brain and Errors of Youth. It gives to Weak Organs their Natural Vigor and doubles the Joys of Life; cures Lucorrhea and Female Weakness. A month's treatment, in plain package, by mail, to any address, $1 per box, 6 boxes $5. With every $5 order we give a Written Guarantee to cure or refund the money. Circulars free. Guarantee issued only by our exclusive agent.

J. HICKS BUNTING, Y M C A Building.
For sale by JOHN H. HARDIN,
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A LADY'S TOILET

Is not complete without an ideal

COMPLEXION POWDER.

POZZONI'S

Combines every element of beauty and purity. It is beautifying, soothing, healing, healthful, and harmless, and when rightly used is invisible. A most delicate and desirable protection to the face in this climate.

Insist upon having the genuine.

IT IS FOR SALE EVERYWHERE.

feb 4 1y

GOLDEN-EYE WAX BEANS

holding pods of the ground, tenderly fleshy, while the pods, which are uniform in size, are free from rust and blight, and keep well after picking. The flavor is extra delicious. Extended growth of this sort, we specially invite application. WRITE FOR TRUCKER'S PRICES of other SNAP BEANS and VEGETABLE SEEDS in DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE.

One of the best and most profitable of the Wax Beans. Vines and foliage are remarkably healthy, while the pods are uniform in size, are free from rust and blight, and keep well after picking. The flavor is extra delicious. Extended growth of this sort, we specially invite application. WRITE FOR TRUCKER'S PRICES of other SNAP BEANS and VEGETABLE SEEDS in DESCRIPTIVE CATALOGUE.

T. W. WOOD & SONS, Seedsmen, Richmond, Va.

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JOHN H. HANBY,

GENERAL

Contractor and Builder.

Having retired from Railroad service, I am now in a position to offer my services to my friends and the public in general, and will conduct in future the business of contracting for

All kinds of Buildings, & Repairs to Same.

Pile Driving, Wharf Building, Foundations for Building and Heavy Machinery, Bridges, etc., specialty.

Office at Divine & Chadbourn's, 10 Market street. Residence 115 South Sixth street. Jan 6 1m

Old Newspapers.

YOU CAN BUY OLD NEWSPAPERS, in quantities to suit,

At Your Own Price,

At the STAR Office,

Suitable for WRAPPING PAPER, and Excellent for Placing Under Carpets.

Mexican Mustang Liniment

for

Burns,
Caked & Inflamed Udders.
Piles,
Rheumatic Pains,
Bruises and Strains.
Running Sores,
Inflammations,
Stiff joints,
Harness & Saddle Sores,
Sciatica,
Lumbago,
Scalds,
Blisters,
Insect Bites,
All Cattle Ailments,
All Horse Ailments,
All Sheep Ailments,

Penetrates Muscle, Membrane and Tissue Quickly to the Very Seat of Pain and Ousts it in a Jiffy.

Rub in Vigorously.

Mustang Liniment conquers Pain, Makes Man or Beast well again.

The Morning Star.

TOMORROW.

I said, "Tomorrow!" one bleak, winter day,
"Tomorrow I will live my life anew."
And still "Tomorrow!" while the winter grew
To spring, and yet I dallied by the way.
And sweet, dear sins still held me in their sway.
"Tomorrow!" I said, while summer days wore through.
"Tomorrow!" while chill autumn round me drew.
And so my soul remained the sweet sin's prey.

So pass the years, and still perpetually
I cry: "Tomorrow will I flee each wile.
Tomorrow surely shall my soul stand free,
Safe from the siren voices that beguile!"
But death waits for me with a mocking smile,
And whispers, "Yea! Tomorrow verily!"
—Philip Bourke Marston.

THE BOWLDER BALL.

One morning the 500 citizens of the great and flourishing town of Bowlder, A. T., awoke to find posted up on the bulletin board in front of the postoffice a red and white and blue handbill announcing that on April 8 the grand annual ball tendered by the young men of the "city" to the young ladies of the city would be held.

The handbill was artistically masterful. No less than six different sizes of type had been used, and red ink, blue ink and purple ink had not been spared. The handbill was at least six feet long. At the bottom was a magnificent picture of Sloan's hall, in which the ball was to be held. At the top waved the stars and stripes, and in each of the four corners stood out proudly the coat of arms of the great territory of Arizona.

It had been mooted about for a week that the announcement was to be made in the near future, but the young men who comprised the committee in charge of the arrangements had kept their actions a profound secret, and when the question was broached to them they had denied that any definite date had been agreed upon. The town had therefore been in a furore of excitement for over a week, and nothing else had been talked of, neither at the stationery and bookstore, at the postoffice, at the hall where the G. A. R. men met every night, nor in the drawing rooms after supper. The young men in charge of the arrangements it was known met nearly every night at the office of the editor in chief of The Weekly Bulletin, but as to what they did or said it was impossible, as The Bulletin announced, "to ascertain."

But now the announcement was made, and the interest and excitement were simply unbearable. Old man Shoemeyer, the village music teacher, had been the first to discover it, for the notice had been posted during the night to further enhance the mystery which should duly surround the actions of the young men in charge of the arrangements. The old man noticed something unusual about the bulletin board from his window as he was dressing himself that morning about 4 o'clock.

"An inspiration came to me," he said in relating the particulars of his discovery later in the day to a group of admiring fellow citizens, "that it was the announcement of the ball. 'It's the announcement,' says I to myself. So slipping on my shoes I ran out without my hat, and there, sure enough, it was just as you see it there. My heart went thumpety-thump when I saw it, and I ran home with all my might to tell the girls. At first they did not believe me, but I called out to them to look out of the window for themselves. And there they saw it just as I had seen it. Yes, sir, I was the first to discover the handbill."

And the old man swelled with his own importance and acknowledged with dignity the deferential salute of the mayor of the town, who had just come up to congratulate him.

There was very little business done that day in Bowlder. The flag was raised on the Town hall, and court adjourned immediately after meeting. Everywhere little groups of young and old men stood around talking about the momentous occasion. In the evening the militia band turned out and serenaded the young men who had charge of the arrangements, and the young men came out and got on a barrel, one after the other, and made short and enthusiastic speeches, which were greeted with rapturous applause.

And the next morning, to cap the climax, a telegram came, addressed to the people of Bowlder, which read:

TUCSON, A. T., Jan. 6.—Congratulations. I will be with you. JIM TRUSLOW.

Jim Truslow, or the Hon. James Timothy Truslow, was the representative of the great and flourishing town of Bowlder in the state senate.

The telegram reached the city about 10 o'clock. Lewis, the telegraph operator, was suddenly seen to rush out of the Western Union telegraph office. He was waving his hands wildly in the air and hurrahing at the top of his voice. He ran straight for the bulletin board. A great crowd followed him. And when the telegram had been read aloud a thundering cheer went up that could have been heard in the senate chamber at Tucson, 150 miles away.

It was many days before the town got back to business again, and then, the first excitement passed, the great question arose, "What shall I wear?"

Of course the men were not interested much in this question. There was but one costume admissible to them.

Every man in town had a white satin necktie and a cutaway coat and his "funeral pants," as the black broadcloth garments were called. The young men who had charge of the arrangements, it was whispered, had sent to Phenix for patent leather shoes for the occasion, and the mayor, it was positively declared for a fact, had sent to Denver for a white waistcoat.

But the question of dress worried the women. Old trunks were opened, old bits of lace and embroidery cut and tacked on, and in every yard on the first Monday after the announcement had been made was to be seen fluttering in the quiet breezes under the abnormally hot sun a dress of some white fluffy sort or other—that is, in all but two yards.

Miss Mary Jane Breeden and Miss Martha Sallie Armitage, rivals, had, singularly enough, reasoned out at the same moment that she must do something to show that ugly, forward girl that she "was not in it with her."

Miss Breeden had decided that she must have a black silk dress, with the neck cut low, square shaped and filled in with white lace, the skirt to be flounced with black lace and the sleeves to be tied near the elbows with white satin. This costume, she decided, with her own beautiful fair skin and an abundance of red roses in her hair, would make a most presentable and delectable appearance. And Miss Breeden wanted to look her best, for was she not very much in love with Jim Truslow, and wasn't he very much in love with her? And wouldn't the ball decide the question? Could the Hon. Jim resist her charms, and wouldn't he come to the point, which point he had been hovering dangerously near for the last two years?

Miss Martha Sallie Armitage had decided that a white china silk dress would most become her and show to best advantage the marvelous beauty of her creamy, olive complexion and her deep, soulful eyes. And Miss Armitage wanted to look her best, for was she not very much in love with the Hon. Jim, and wouldn't she, when she became the affianced of that gentleman, show that forward Breeden girl how inferior a mortal she was?

But there was one obstacle. Miss Breeden wondered where she was going to get the money to pay for that dress. Miss Armitage wondered where she was going to get the money to pay for that dress. The money must be found somewhere, said Miss Breeden (also Miss Armitage), for that dress had to be had. On it would hang all the law and the prophets. Jim Truslow must be hers, said Miss Breeden (also Miss Armitage), and the dress would effect the conquest.

Well, said Miss Breeden (also Miss Armitage), there were still two months upon the ball, and the money would be found. Father didn't have it, and there was nothing to sell.

When we are deepest in despair and gloom, something always happens to light us up again. And so it happened in Bowlder. The Weekly Bulletin (published on Saturdays, the official organ of Bowlder county, subscriptions must be paid for in advance) announced on its very first page under glaring headlines that on Monday Miss Susan Anthony, the well known and popular schoolteacher of Prescott, would arrive in Bowlder by the Owl train to take charge of the two months' session of school which would commence immediately. "Miss Anthony is a fine arithmetician, knows all about algebra," etc., said The Bulletin.

Miss Breeden read the announcement with an unconcealed smile of satisfaction and triumph. Miss Armitage was equally smiling, satisfied and triumphant.

"Mamma," said Miss Breeden at supper, "we must take Miss Anthony to board. I'll do the work, pay all the extra expenses and give her my room."

And then she told her surprised mother the method of her madness. It is to be read between the lines that Miss Armitage made the same speech to her mother also on that very same evening.

The Owl train was due to arrive at Bowlder at 4 o'clock in the morning. Miss Breeden pleaded a headache and spent all day Sunday in her bed, sleeping as much as she could. At 10 o'clock on Sunday evening, when the rest of the family had retired, Miss Breeden arose from her bed, put on her tightest shoes, laced her stays uncomfortably tight and drank four or five cups of strong cold coffee she had smuggled into her room. All this she did so that she might be uncomfortable, and therefore very wakeful, for she must not surrender to nature and fall asleep. That would never do. She must be at the station to welcome Miss Anthony and see that she did not escape her.

At 3 o'clock Miss Breeden made herself more comfortable and then sauntered out into the night air. She walked to the station, and at 4 o'clock she had the pleasure of greeting Miss Anthony.

"You must come right to our house," said Miss Breeden effusively. "We have a nice room all ready for you."

"But Sallie Armitage has asked me to come to her house," said Miss Anthony.

"Sallie Armitage asked you?" cried the bewildered girl.

"Yes. She telegraphed me on Saturday night."

"Telegraphed you?"

"Yes, but I'm tired out, and she isn't here, so come on; let's go to your house. I'll stay a month with you and a month with her."

"I get the first month!" cried the girl.

"Yes. You shall have the first month."

"Thank heaven!" murmured the girl, and she sighed, very much relieved.

It is not necessary to detail the mortification and anger of Miss Armitage when she learned that her rival had stolen the schoolmistress from her. Nor is it necessary to tell all the self sacrificing drudgery that fell to the lot of Miss Breeden. It is sufficient to say that she fairly earned by the sweat of her brow—and the sweat of one's brow is considerable of a factor in Arizona around about that time of the year—the $16 which Miss Anthony paid her for four weeks' board.

At the end of the month the schoolmistress, true to her word, packed up her belongings and went over to the enemy, who was now in her turn called upon to describe by her actions and self sacrificing how much she loved the Hon. Jim and how determined she was to win him, if possible, for her own sweet self.

If Jim could but have known! But he didn't. It is the way of the world. We are always working for some girl when some other girl is always working for us.

Miss Breeden had a month in which to prepare her dress. Miss Armitage had but a few days, but again this young lady proved herself a great general. Almost on the very day that Miss Breeden sent to Phenix for her black silk Miss Armitage commissioned a young gentleman, who happened to be very much in love with her, entre nous, to buy for her in Prescott, for which city he was departing on a business trip, the silk and laces necessary for the manufacture of her dress.

She said nothing to this young gentleman about providing him in advance with the necessary funds to pay for what she wanted, and he, as she had surmised, was too bashful to suggest such a thing. When he returned in three weeks, he brought the things with him, and a week later, when she got her $16 from Miss Anthony, the girl asked him what they had cost. And to show her gratitude she made for him out of some of the silk left over a very pretty necktie, which he, foolish youth, kept locked in his strongbox with his other treasures and occasionally gazed at in moments of temporary mental aberration.

The day set for the ball arrived in due course of time. It was a hot day, to say the least. The thermometer at Bill Leiter's drug store at 10 o'clock in the morning registered 97 in the shade, but nobody noticed that. A general holiday had been declared, and everybody was at home getting ready.

Jim had not arrived, but was due on the train which would reach Bowlder at 10 o'clock in the evening. And, by the way, Jim had written to a friend that at the ball he intended to "spring a little surprise" on his many friends. There was much speculation as to what that surprise would be, for everybody felt a great interest in Jim and his affairs. He was the rising young man of the county, and had already, though hardly 30 years of age, made quite a reputation for himself as a lawyer and as a politician.

Sloan's hall never looked prettier than it did that night. The Bulletin announced in its next edition that the "hall was gayly festooned with varicolored buntings, and that innumerable Chinese lanterns made of the scene a dream from fairyland. The beauty and bravery of Bowlder were present," said The Bulletin, "and the flashing eyes of the dainty damsels outshone the jealous stars of the tropical skies. 'On, on with the dance; let joy be unconfined!'" quoted The Bulletin, "and occasionally, as in rhythmic motion, in dreamy keeping with the mellifluous strains of Professor O'Coulihan's band, the dainty gauzelike dresses were swished aside, revealing a fighting fancy of a delicate instep. Ye editor wished himself a bachelor again."

Miss Breeden and Miss Armitage, secure of creating a sensation, were among the last to arrive. Miss Breeden in her black silk was beautiful. Miss Armitage in her white silk was lovely. The young ladies observed each other with supreme contempt. Miss Breeden noticed that the gold comb in Miss Armitage's hair was merely gilded. Miss Armitage could hardly refrain from calling the attention of Mayor Gillespie to the fact that Miss Breeden had forgot to polish her left shoe and to button the top button on her right shoe.

At about 10 o'clock, during an intermission, who should come in but the Hon. Jim, and on his arm he escorted a very plain looking young woman, a stranger to Bowlder. The men rushed over to shake Jim by the hand. Of course the young ladies wouldn't do that.

"It would not be etiquette," remarked Miss Breeden to herself, thereby restraining herself from rushing to meet the man she loved, for she knew that the eyes of her rival were upon her, and she would rather die—aye, rather lose the man she loved—than give that odious Sallie Armitage a chance to say that she was forward or unladylike.

Bob Gortner came up and claimed the next waltz. She had promised it to him, not expecting Jim's arrival for another hour, but now the very sight of the insignificant little lawyer's clerk, with his stoop shoulders and his inane, blinking eyes, was repulsive to her, and almost rudely she begged to be excused on the plea that she felt rather tired and would rest through the next dance.

Jim Truslow now approached Miss Armitage, and Miss Breeden's blood ran hot, and her heart grew so angry that she could hardly breathe.

"The designing, forward thing!" exclaimed Miss Breeden between her teeth. "She placed herself near the door so that he would see her first!"

Jim spoke a few words to the girl, and then Miss Breeden's heart leaped wildly within her, for he had left her, and she now looked as pale and as weak as a kitten. And he was now coming straight toward her, his hand outstretched, his face wreathed in smiles. Miss Breeden's heart overflowed with joy. She trembled so that she could hardly trust herself to speak to him or to hold out her hand to him.

She felt the eyes of the room upon her. She knew that her cheeks were fiery red, and that everybody was pointing her out as the girl who had won Jim Truslow's heart, and that she had not a doubt then, for could she not read it in his eyes?

Jim came very close to her and held out his hand. She offered him hers. He took it very tenderly in his and pressed it warmly.

"You are looking charming," he said, "the belle of the ball, and as such I want you to do me a favor."

"A favor," she murmured, with downcast eyes. "Willingly ask of me anything in my power, and I will do it."

"Thank you," said the Hon. Jim. "Come with me. I want you to meet my wife. I was married two weeks ago to the finest little woman in Arizona. It was she I escorted here, and I want you to be very, very good to her. Won't you, for my sake?"

And this was the little surprise the Hon. Jim had kept to spring on his unsuspecting fellow townsmen.

It is to be supposed that the ball was a magnificent success. Miss Mary Jane Breeden said that she had never had so much fun in all her life, and that Jim Truslow's wife was a perfect little dear. Miss Martha Sallie Armitage declared that she had never enjoyed herself so much before in her life, and that Mary Truslow was a perfect little angel.

And that night, or rather early in the morning, Mary Jane Breeden threw herself down upon her bed and cried herself to sleep and woke up after half an hour to dry her eyes and blubber, "At least that odious Sallie Armitage didn't get him, and I didn't let any one find out that I loved him as that forward Sallie Armitage did."

And that night, or rather early in the morning, Martha Sallie Armitage threw herself down upon her bed and cried herself to sleep and awoke after half an hour to dry her eyes and repeat of Miss Breeden what Miss Breeden had blubbered of her.—New York Sun.

Amenities of War.

Archibald Forbes, in an article in Scribner's Magazine, says that the abstract theory of the "amenities of war" is preposterous. You strain every effort to reduce your adversary to impotence. He falls wounded, whereupon, should he come into your hands, you promptly devote all your exertions to saving his life and restoring him to health and vigor in order that he may go home and swell the ranks of your enemy. This is no doubt humanity, but it is supremely illogical.

Marbot recounts in his memoirs perhaps the most absurd application ever made of the theory of the "amenities." In the battle of Austerlitz a body of beaten Russians, about 5,000 strong, strove to escape across the ice on the Satschan lake. Napoleon ordered his artillery to fire on the ice, which was shattered, and men and horses slowly settled down into the depths, only a few escaping by means of poles and ropes thrown out from shore by the French.

Next morning Napoleon, riding round the positions, saw a wounded Russian officer clinging to an ice floe 100 yards out and entreating help. The emperor became intensely interested in the succor of the man. After many failures Marbot and another officer stripped and swam out, gradually brought the ice floe toward the shore and laid the Russian at Napoleon's feet.

The emperor evinced more delight at this rescue than he had manifested when assured of the victory of Austerlitz. He had no compunction as to the fate of the unfortunates whom his artillery practice of the day before had sent to their death.

The Story of a Relic Shown at Turin.

Visitors to Turin who have seen the celebrated Chapel of St. Ludona, which adjoins the Royal palace, must have noticed on one of the altars a glass shade under which is placed a relic as a testimony of a miracle wrought. This medal has a story. In November, 1878, when King Humbert's life was attempted by Passanante at Naples, Queen Margherita wore fastened to a chatelaine at her waist a small silver horn, which Italians wear against the jettatura, or evil eye. Just at the moment when the would be murderous attack took place Queen Margherita was seized with such terrible convulsions that she held this little silver ornament so tightly in her hand that it left an impression in her soft white fingers, and only after several hours could it be moved, when it was religiously preserved.

Among the various ways in which the sovereign wished to show her gratitude to the Madonna for having saved her husband's life was to have the silver horn made into a medal, on one side of which was engraved, "Per Grazia Receuta," and under the date, on the other side, in small letters, "Salve Regina." This medal is now dedicated to the royal chapel at Turin.—London Society.

An Awful Threat.

"John," said Mrs. Bossman, "it is time you were in bed. If you don't turn the light down, the first thing you know the baby will be awake."

"Pahaw!" said Mr. Bossman. "The light won't wake him."

"No, but I'll wake him myself."

The prospect was too appalling. He meekly did as he was bid.—Cincinnati Tribune.

The West End.

Why is it that in most of the cities of the world fashion makes its home in the northwestern quarter? Why is it that the "west end" is so often the aristocratic section of the city and "east side" and "south side" so often the residence of the poorer classes? It is a fact, and there is a ruling cause for it. Is it this—that the prevailing winds of the earth are northwesterly? They are in general northwesterly, and their tendency is to blow the dust, smoke and odors of a city to its eastern or southern side. This makes the opposite quarter the more desirable for residence. — Philadelphia Press.

No Bottle In Her Pocket.

An editor out west, having been asked if he ever saw a baldheaded woman, replied: "No, we never did. Nor did we ever see a woman waltzing around town in her shirt sleeves with a cigar between her teeth and run into every saloon she saw. We have never seen a woman go fishing with a bottle in her pocket, sit down on the damp ground all day and go home drunk at night. Nor have we seen a woman yank off her coat and say she could lick any man in town. No, God bless her, she isn't built that way."—Northwest Magazine.

Happened In Hades.

The grinning imps were packing sinners into the oven with a thing like a hay press. And the sinners groaned, all but one good natured looking man.

"Do you know," said the good natured man at last, "this is rather nice. Reminds me of when I lived in dear old Brooklyn and crossed the bridge at rush hours."—New York Recorder.

Four Big Successes.

Having the needed merit to more than make good all the advertising claimed for them, the following four remedies have reached a phenomenal sale, Dr. King's New Discovery, for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, each bottle guaranteed—Electric, Bitters, the great remedy for Liver, Stomach and Kidneys. Bucklen's Arnica Salve, the best in the world, and Dr. King's New Life Pills, which are a perfect pill. All these remedies are guaranteed to do just what is claimed for them and the dealer whose name is attached herewith will be glad to tell you more of them. Sold at R. R. BELLAMY'S Drug Store.

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MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP has been used for over fifty years by millions of mothers for their children while teething, with perfect success. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Twenty-five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup," and take no other kin d.

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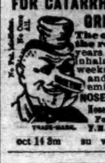

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Leave Cheraw, S. C.	6.30 a m
Leave Kolloch Station	7.50 a m
Leave Osborne, N. C.	7.30 a m
Arrive Hamlet, N. C.	7.40 a m

MOVING SOUTH.
No. 1—PASSENGER AND FREIGHT.

Leave Hamlet, N. C.	5.40 a m
Arrive Osborne, N. C.	9 00 a m
Leave Kolloch Station	9 30 a m
Arrive Cheraw, S C	9.50 a m

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SCHEDULE IN EFFECT JAN. 7th, 1895.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTHBOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A M — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 10.32 a m, Warsaw 10.44 a m, Goldsboro 11.35 a m, Wilson 12.21 p m, Rocky Mount 1.10 p m, Tarboro 2.32 p m, Weldon 3.10 p m, Petersburg 5.30 p m, Richmond 6.35 p m, Norfolk 5.45 p m, Washington 11.10 p m, Baltimore 12.48 a m, Philadelphia 3.45 a m, New York 6.53 a m, Boston 3.00 p m.

DAILY 7.00 P M — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.31 p m, Warsaw 8.45 p m, Goldsboro 9.10 p m, Wilson 10.07 p m, Tarboro 6.58 a m, Rocky Mount 11.12 p m We don 12.53 a m, Norfolk 10.25 a m, Petersburg 9.45 a m, Richmond 3.40 a m, Washington 7.00 a m, Baltimore 8.20 a m, Philadelphia 10.45 a m, New York 1.32 p m, Boston 8.30 p m.

SOUTHBOUND:

DAILY 3.30 P M — No. 45—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.43 p m, Chadbourn 5.15 p m, Marion 6.31 p m, Florence 7.00 p m, Atkinson 8.09 p m, Sumter 8.36 p m, Columbia 10.00 p m, Denmark 6.18 a m, Augusta 8.00 a m, Macon 11.00 a m, Atlanta 12.15 p m, Charleston 11.13 p m, Savannah 1.19 a m, Jacksonville 7.00 a m, St. Augustine 12.00 noon, Tampa 5.20 p m.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 5.30 P M — No. 47—Passenger—Leave Boston 1.00 p m, New York 9.00 p m, Philadelphia 12.06 a m, Baltimore 2.50 a m, Washington 4.30 a m, Richmond 9.15 a m, Petersburg 9.50 a m, Norfolk 8.40 a m, Weldon 11.58 a m, Tarboro 12.30 p m, Rocky Mount 1.05 p m, Wilson 2.08 p m, Goldsboro 2.55 p m, Warsaw 3.49 p m, Magnolia 4.02 a m.

DAILY 10.00 a m — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 11.00 p m, New York 9.00 a m, Philadelphia 11 35 a m, Baltimore 2 13 p m, Washington 3.30 p m, Richmond 7 11 p m, Petersburg 7.. 4 p m, Norfolk 9.10 p m, Weldon 9.37 p m, Tarboro 5.50 p m, Rocky Mount 10.30 p m; arrive Wilson 11.03 p m, leave Wilson 6 35 a m, Goldsboro 7 20 a m, Warsaw 8.16 a m, Magnolia 8.39 a m.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 11 00 A m — No. 56—Passenger—Leave Tampa 6.30 a m, Sanford 10 30 a m, Jacksonville 3.30 p m Savannah 10 00 p m, Charleston 3.35 a m, Columbia 4 30 a m, Atlanta 7 15 a m, Macon 9 00 a m, Augusta 9.10 p M, Denmark 4.37 p m, sumter 5.47 p m, Atsins 6.33 a m, Florence 7.35 a m, Marion 8.16 a m, Chadbourn 9.20 a m, Lake Waccamaw 9.51 a m.

†Daily except Sunday.

Trains on Scotland Neck Branch Road leave Weldon 3.40 p m, Hali ax 4.00 p m, arrive Scotland Neck 4.55 p m, Greenville 6.37 p m, Kinston 7.35 p m. Returning, leaves Kinston 7 20 a m, Greenville 8.32 a m Arriving Halifax at 11 00a m, Weldon 11.20 a m, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 7.00 a. m., arrive Parmele 8.40 a. m., Tarboro 9 50; returning leaves Tarboro 4 50 p m; Parmele 6.10 p. m arrives Washington 7.35 p. m. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday, at 5,00 p m; Sunday 3.00 p m; arrive Plymouth 9 00 p m, 5.50 p m. Returning, leave Plymouth daily except Sunday 6.00 a m, Sunday 9 30 a m; Arrive Tarboro 10 25 a m and 11 45 a m

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro, N C., daily except Sunday, 5 05 a m; arrive Smithfield N. C., 7.30 a m. Returning, leaves Smithfield, N. C. 8 00 a m; arrive Goldsboro, N. C., 9 30 a m.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4.30 p m, arrives Nashville 5.05 p m, Spring Hope 5.20 p m. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8 a m, Nashville 8 35 a m; arrive Rocky Mount 9 05 a m, daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leave Warsaw for Clinton Daily except Sunday at 4.10 p m; returning leave Clinton at 7.30 a m., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Florence Railroad leave Pee Dee 7.40 a m, arrive Latta 8.10 a m, Dunbar 7.50 p m, Dillon 8.33 a m. Leave Dillon 5.15 p m, Dunbar 6.30 a m, Latta 6.55 p m, arrive Pee Dee 6. 9 pm, daily except Sunday.

Wilmington, Chadbourn and Conway Railroad leave Hub 8.15 a m, Chadbourn 9.00 a m, arrive Conway at 12.30 p m, leave Conway 2 00 p m, Chadbourn 5 35 p m, arrive Hub 6.20 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Cheraw and Darlington Railroad leave Florence 7.35 a m 8.3 a m, 8.50 p m, arrive Darlington 8.15 a m 9.05 a m, 9.15 p m, Harwille 10.15 p m, Cheraw, S. C., 10.35 a m, Wadesboro 12.30 p m, leave Wadesboro 2.00 p m, Cheraw 3.45 p m, Hartsville 4.30 a m, Darlington 6.05 p m, 4.30 p m 5.35 a m, arrive Florence 6.45 p m, 5 p m, 6 a m. Daily except Sunday.

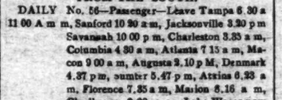
Central of South Carolina Railroad leave Sumter 5.50 p m. Manning 6.31 p m, arrive Lane 7 p m, leave Lane 8 38 a m, Manning 9.15 a m. arrive Sumter 9.44 a m. Daily.

Georgetown and Western Railroad leave Lanes 9.50 a m. 7 10 p m, arrive Georgetown 12 a m, 8.30 p m, leave Georgetown 7 a m, 8 p m, arrive Lanes 8.35 a m, 5.35 p m, Daily except Sunday.

Wilson and Fayetteville Branch leave Wilson 2.03 p m, 11 03 p m, arrive Selma 2.53 p m. Smithfield 3.03 p m, Dunn 3.44 p m, Fayetteville 4 30 p m. 12.53 a m, Rowland 5.5? p m. leave Rowland 8 39 p m, Fayetteville 10,10 a m 9.19 p m, Dunn 11.03 a m, Smithfield 11.44 a m, Selma 11.53 a m, arrive Wilson 12.43 p m, 11.15 p m.

H. M. EMERSON, Ass't Gen'l Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager. jan 5 tf

W., N. & N. Railway.



In Effect Monday, Aug. 20, 1894.

DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY.

NORTH BOUND		STATIONS.		SOUTH BOUND	
4	2			1	3
P M	A M	—WILMINGTON—		A M	P M
2 20	7 00	Lv..	Mulberry street ..Ar	11 50	7 00
2 45	7 15	Lv....	Surry street....Ar	11 40	6 50
4 28	8 57	Lv..	Jacksonville Lv	9 57	4 30
4 54	10 57	Lv..	Maysville.....Lv	9 24	3 30
5 09	11 18	Lv..	Pollocksville.....Lv	9 10	3 00
5 45	12 00	Ar..	Newbern Lv	8 35	2 20
P M	M			A M	P M

Trains 1 and 4 make close connection with trains on A. & N. C. R. R. for Morehead City and Beaufort.

Steamers on New River leave Jackson ille at 7.30 a m; returning leave Marine's 12 m, arriving at Jacksonville 3.00 p m, connecting with trains 4 and 5.

H. A. WHITING, General Manager
J. W. MARTENIS, Traffic Manager aug 21 tf

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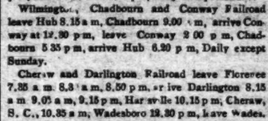

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The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

SUNDAY MORNING JAN. 20, 1895

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Treasury Gold Reserve — Congressman Turner, of Georgia, Sick—A Thief Sentenced—Conference of Democratic Members of the House Banking and Currency Committee—Mrs. Cleveland's Reception.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, January 19.—The Treasury gold reserve declined slightly again to-day, $150,000 being taken out, and stood at the close of business at $70 477,900 50.

Outside of withdrawals for export, the Treasury gains gold daily in small quantities from mint sources and from the exchange of U. S. notes and Treasury notes in the West.

About 1 o'clock this afternoon Congressman Turner, of Georgia, was taken suddenly ill with indigestion and was assisted from the House. He received medical attention in the Ways and Means Committee room, and was later taken home in a cab, feeling much better.

Wm. B Smith, an employe of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, convicted of being the principal in the larceny of 70,000 two-cent stamps from the Government, was sentenced to-day by Judge McComas to three years and six months imprisonment in the Albany penitentiary. Beach, Smith's accomplice, has been convicted of receiving the stolen stamps.

A conference of all the Democractic members of the Banking and Currency Committee of the House with the exception of Mr. Johns, of Ohio, was held this afternoon. An hour and-a-half was consumed in a discussion of the situation. A tacit agreement was reached that the Carlisle bill shall be amended so as to provide that the 80 per cent. deposit for circulation shall be in lawful money and not be restricted to legal enders, as is provided in the Carlisle bill. There was some discussion about bond issues, and the coinage of the seigniorage in the Treasury, but no agreement was reached upon them.

Mrs. Cleveland held a card reception this afternoon which was attended by more than a thousand ladies, who had been invited. Mrs. Cleveland was assisted by Miss Helen Benedict, of New York, Miss Katharine Willard, and a number of young ladies. The White House parlors were decorated as usual at public functions, with a profusion of plants and flowers. Mrs. Cleveland will hold a public reception next Saturday.

SPOTS AND FUTURES.

The Visible Supply of Cotton—The Sun's Report of the New York Cotton Market.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19—The total visible supply of cotton for the world is 4,845,653 bales, of which 4,505,453 are American, against 4,617,903 bales and 4,111,703 respectively last year. Receipts of cotton this week at all interior towns 119.590 bales. Receipts from the plantations 169,179 bales. Crop in sight 7,436 812 bales.

NEW YORK, January 19.—The *Sun* says: Cotton declined two to three points and closed steady, with sales of 31,000 bales. Liverpool declined 1-32d on the spot, with sales of 10,000 bales. Futures declined two points and closed quiet. In New Orleans May declined three points Port receipts to-day 28,102 bales, against 25,281 this day last week and 26,446 last year. New Orleans receipts on Monday were estimated at 13,000 to 18 000 bales, against 19,613 last Monday and 9,527 last year. The port receipts this week are estimated at 200 000 to 210,000 bales against 180,000 for the same week in 1893. For the succeeding five weeks in 1893 the ports got 180,000, 184,000, 141.000, 141,000 and 123 000 bales respectively. The New York warehouse stock is now 137,000 bales, or double the quantity held on November 5th. A year ago it was 131,000 and in the year before it was 300,000. Some increase in the trade in cotton goods is reported.

GRAIN AND PROVISIONS.

Wheat, Corn and Oats Closed Lower—Further Decline in Prices of Pork Products.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star

CHICAGO, January 19.—May wheat opened from 57⅝@57¾c, declined to 57⅜c, closing at 57⅜c—½@⅝c under yesterday. No change in the prices of cash wheat was reported.

May corn opened at 47⅜c, touched 47⅜@47½c immediately after the opening, thereafter exhibiting no strength whatever, declining to 47@47⅛c and closing at 47⅛c—⅜c under yesterday. Cash corn was weak, a decline of ⅛@⅜c per bushel for yesterday being generally accepted by sellers.

May oats closed ½@⅝c under yesterday. Cash oats suffered a loss of ⅛@⅜c per bushel.

Provisions—Observations of the product market gave no relief to the weariness prominent on other portions of the floor to-day. The action of Armour's trader led to the belief that he was more than willing to do some selling, and the crowd immediately displayed weariness about buying. Slightly lower quotations were established, the closing being 1½c lower than yesterday for May pork, 5c for May lard and a shade lower for May ribs.

FUNERAL SERVICES

Over the Remains of Vice-President Stevenson's Daughter at Asheville.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

ASHEVILLE, January 19.—There was a brief funeral service at the Battery Park Hotel this afternoon over the remains of Vice-President Stevenson's daughter, Miss Mary L Stevenson. It was conducted by Rev. R. F. Campbell, pastor of the First Presbyterian Church. The floral offerings were profuse and beautiful. The funeral car left here this afternoon at 3.56 o'clock attached to the West-bound train. It will reach Bloomington late Sunday night, where the remains will be taken to the residence of John C. Stevenson, brother of the Vice-President. The funeral there will be held from the Second Presbyterian Church Monday at 2 p. m.

BANK STATEMENT

For the Week Ending January 19.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The weekly statement of the associated banks shows the following changes: Reserve increase, $3 673,875; loans increase, $640,300; specie increase, $3 449 600; legal tenders, increase, $2 955,300; deposits increase, $6 900 100; circulation decrease, $14,400 The banks now hold $45,465,075 in excess of the requirements of the 25 per cent. rule.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, January 19.—Spirits turpentine quiet and firmer at 29½@30. Rosin quiet and steady; strained common to good $1 35@1 40.

SAVANNAH, January 19—Holiday—no markets.

SENATOR RANSOM'S EULOGY

ON THE LIFE AND CHARACTER OF THE LATE SENATOR VANCE.

Speeches by Senator Jarvis and Others—House Proceedings—Non-Concurrence in Senate Amendments to Appropriation Bills—Boutelle's Speech on the Hawaiian Troubles.

[By Telegraph to the Morning Star.]

SENATE.

WASHINGTON, January 19.—After the close of the morning hour, the day, up to 5 p. m., was passed in the delivery of eulogies on the life and character of the late Senator Vance, of North Carolina.

Resolutions expressive of the profound sorrow of the Senate were offered by Senator Ransom, and were adopted. Then Mr. Ransom opened the series of eulogies of the dead Senator. He recalled the scene in the Senate Chamber on the 16th of April last, when the Senate "lighted its black torches around the lifeless form of that most honored and most beloved son of North Carolina, and when his mortal figure, covered with the bright flowers of Spring, and hallowed by the sacred devotions of religion, passed amid tears like a shadow from this portal forever.

"To-day," Mr. Ransom continued, "his associates on this floor are here to place on the ever-living annals of the Senate the record of their admiration of his virtues."

After a sketch of Mr. Vance's boyhood and manhood, including his service in the Confederate army and his three terms in the Governorship of his State, Mr. Ransom spoke of his position in the Senate, where his record was, he said, part of the national history. He was, Mr. Ransom said, a dutiful and devoted Senator, aspiring and laboring for the honor and welfare of the whole country. He was at all times on the important committees of the Senate and took a prominent part in the discussion of every leading question. He was the unceasing advocate of revenue reform and the uncompromising opponent of Civil Service reform. He was the ardent friend of silver and of free coinage. He desired all the world to know his opinion and position and never hesitated to avow them. His heart was, every moment, with North Carolina, and his devotion to that State and her people was unbounded. He was an uncommon orator. He spoke with great power. His style was brief, clear and strong; his statements accurate and his arguments compact. His illustrations were always unsurpassed. His wit and humor were waiting and handy. He always instructed, always interested, always entertained; never wearied or fatigued an audience. The Senate always heard him with pleasure. The galleries hung on his lips, with bended bodies and outstretched necks, to catch his every word as it fell. His wit was exhaustless as it was exquisite. His humor was overflowing and his phrases sparkled like bubbling drops of wine. He was master of irony and sarcasm, but there was no malice in his words. His shafts were never poisoned It was the strength of the bolt and the skill of the archer which sent the steel to the heart of his victims. He believed what he said. He knew that it was true and he felt its force himself. His heart was in his words. For thirty years he had stood by the people of his State. He was to them a brother, a defender, a preserver, a deliverer.

Brief but eloquent eulogies were pronounced by Senators Morrill, Sherman, Bate, Gray, George, Call, DuBois and Chandler.

The last speaker was Mr. Vance's successor in the Senate—Mr. Jarvis. He said that he had regarded Mr. Vance more like a brother than a friend, and he told a characteristic anecdote of him. He had been returning from Washington, where he had been vainly seeking for the removal of his political disabilities and for his being sworn in as Senator. In the railroad car he had been amused and interested in a theological argument between two clergymen on the doctrine of "election" Finally they appealed to him for his opinion. "My experience," said he, "is that an election is not worth much if your disabilities are not removed."

Mr. Vance was, Mr. Jarvis said, an intellectual giant, and could easily have reached the foremost rank in any department of life. He gave his life to the public service and to the people. His successes were their successes; his glory their glory. They shared in all his trials and in all his triumphs. No man in public life ever stood so steadfastly by the people and for the people. Mr Jarvis described the mountain tops of North Carolina, prominent among them for its magnificence and sublimity being Mount Mitchell, and said: "North Carolina has had great men, but it is no disparagement to them to say that Zebulon B Vance was the Mount Mitchell of all our great men, and that in the affection and love of the people he towered above them all."

Mr. Ransom stated that it had been the purpose and desire of Mr. Hawley and Mr. Daniel to speak in affectionate remembrance of Senator Vance, but that their absence to-day was unavoidable.

"As a further mark of respect to the memory of Senator Vance," said Mr. Harris, "I move that the Senate do now adjourn." The motion was agreed to, and at 5 p. m. adjourned untill monday.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

The House non-concurred in the Senate amendments to the Army Appropriation bill and conferees were appointed. The same action was taken with respect of the Pension Appropriation bill.

Mr. Boutelle, of Maine, gained the floor and in a ringing speech referred to the revolutionary outbreak in Honolulu in which the annexationist commissioner, G. L. Carter, fell, dying in defence of his home and family. When the commit ee rose he said he hoped the House would postpone for five or ten minutes, as the case might be, the special order, so that the House, which never before in the history of the Congress had failed to express its sympathy with any movement in behalf of liberty, might adopt the resolutions which he sent to the clerk's desk.

Mr. McCleary, of Kentucky, objected, whereupon Mr. Boutelle shouted: 'Upon your head, then, be their blood." [Applause.] An angry colloquy followed; both gentlemen shouted at the top of their voices, but they were inaudible more than a few feet from their desks, owing to the vigorous rappings of the gavel by Speaker Crisp who had in the meantime resumed the chair. He commanded both gentlemen to take their seats, and, they still refusing, he called upon the Sergeant-at-Arms to see if he could not enforce the directions of the Chair.

'Gentlemen should remember that this is the House of Representatives of the United States, and their self-respect should compel them to conform to the usages of a parliamentary body." [Applause.]

The resolutions were not read and the Lisle obsequies were begun without further interruption.

Eulogies were delivered by Messrs. McCleary, Lucas (Republican), Berry (Dem., Kentucky) Draper (Republican, Mass.), Caruthe, Breckner (Dem., Kentucky), Breckinridge and Pence, and as a further mark of respect, the House adjourned until Monday.

In Olden Times

People overlooked the importance of permanently beneficial effects and were satisfied with transient action; but now that it is generally known that Syrup of Figs will permanently cure habitual constipation, well-informed people will not buy other laxatives, which act for a time, but finally injure the system.

GEN. LEE'S BIRTHDAY.

OBSERVED AS A HOLIDAY IN SOME SOUTHERN CITIES.

An Address by Gen. Fitzhugh Lee at Atlanta, Ga.—The Great Chieftain's Memory Honored by the Confederate Veteran's Association of Washington, D. C.—Observance of the Day in Richmond, Va.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 19.—The Confederate Veteran's Association of Washington honored the memory of Gen. Robt. E. Lee to-night by speeches delivered by men who distinguished themselves in the cause of the South, before a vast audience assembled at the hall of the Confederate Society at Washington.

Stirring speeches were made which aroused great enthusiasm. Interspersed with the addresses were musical selections, the principal rendition being sung by members of the choir of St. Matthew's Catholic church, of this city. Miss Lavinia Milliken, of Tennessee, a member of the choir, sung: 'The Sweetest Story Ever Told," and in response to encores favored the audience with other selections.

RICHMOND, VA., Jan. 19.—Lee's birthday is a legal holiday in Virginia. It was observed here by the closing of the State and municipal offices, and the banks and exchanges, and a partial suspension of business. At the Soldiers' Home at noon a salute of seventeen guns was fired, and in the afternoon the Richmond Howitzers fired the same number of guns on the Lee circle. To-night Lee and Pickett camps of Confederate Veterans had a joint camp-fire at the hall of the latter, when speeches were made and songs sung by the old soldiers. This was the chief feature of the observance here.

ATLANTA, GA., January 19.—Gen. Robert E. Lee's birthday was observed here by the Virginia Society and Confederate Veterans. The Virginia Society had as its guest Gen. Fitzhugh Lee, who made an address at the Y. M. C. A. building this afternoon. His subject was, "Gen. Robert E Lee." The orator devoted the greater part of his address to sketches of the life of the Confederacy's great General. In concluding, Lee said:

'Englishmen whose past battles against each other have been recorded on the pages of history as evidence of their valor and heroism are everywhere proud of their country, whose morning drum-beat followed the sun, and keeping company with the hours, circles the earth with the continuous and unbroken strain of the martial airs of England.

"Americans everywhere, too, feel a just pride in the destiny of the greatest Republic the world has ever looked upon.

"The future now is in the hands of her citizens, whether their fathers wore the grey or the blue, and the greatest patriotism and loftiest conservatism will have to be exercised by all to prevent the Ship of State from being wrecked on the breakers of the future.

"The area of our country is so great, the rapidly growing population is becoming more and more mixed, the interests of sections are so diverse, that great national questions if decided to the satisfaction of one or two parts of a common country, give dissatisfaction to the remaining parts. Improved machinery is doing away with human labor more and more each year, and the ranks of the army of the discontented are being crammed with recruits. The girdle which binds the States of the American Union has already displayed weak spots since the war between them, as defective as the armor-plate of a new national cruiser.

"May the descendants of the veterans of the Blue and the Grey exercise such wisdom, conservatism and patriotism that like a great rock from whose sides surging seas recoil, they will become a great reserve around which the lovers of Republican liberty as taught by our fathers, can rally, and against which all elements of destruction will disappear.

"The same laws govern and the same flag flies over all to-day, and the Americanism and loyalty of the South must not be attacked when we meet to celebrate and re-count the deeds of our soldiers."

To-night the Virginia Society gave a banquet to their visiting brethren.

NORFOLK, Va., Jan. 19.—General R. E. Lee's birthday was celebrated by Pickett-Buchanan Camp Confederate Veterans at a magnificent banquet to-night. Patriotic speeches were made and the memory of the great Confederate Chieftain fittingly honored. The day was generally observed here, banks, schools and many business houses being closed, and buildings decorated throughout the city.

NEW YORK, Jan. 19.—The Confederate Veteran camp celebrated the anniversary of the birth of General Robert E Lee with its fifth annual banquet at Scottish Rite Hall. United States flags formed the decorations around the banquet hall. Among those present were Mrs. Jefferson Davis and her daughter, Miss Winnie Davis.

BALTIMORE, Jan. 19.—The 87th anniversary of the birth of Robt. E. Lee was celebrated to-night by ex-Confederates by a largely attended meeting at the Academy of Music, and a banquet at the Carrollton Hotel. The occasion was the fifteenth annual reunion of the Maryland Division of the Society of the Army and Navy of the Confederate States.

LATE FOREIGN NEWS.

An Urgent Call to Supporters of the British Ministry to Attend the Opening of Parliament—The Sultan of Turkey Writes the Pope Concerning Armenian Atrocities.

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LONDON, January 19.—Lord Roseberry and Sir Wm. Harcourt have sent out circulars to the Parliamentary supporters of the Ministry requesting them to be present at the opening session of Parliament, as well as the earlier sittings of that body, in view of the fact that business of great importance will be introduced as soon as possible at the reassembling of the House.

CAIRO, January, 19—Senor Otal, Spanish Consul in this city, committed suicide last night by cutting his throat.

LONDON, Jan. 19—A dispatch from Rome says the Sultan recently wrote to the Pope that the current reports of massacre in Armenia were untrue, and that His Holiness would aid the cause of justice by intervening with the Powers. The Pope is said to have answered that he would be unable to act before the commission of inquiry should report.

The dispatch comes from an untrustworthy source and apparently is a rehash of a paragraph published by *Al Makettam* in Cairo four days ago.

How's This!

We offer One Hundred Dollars reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F J CHENEY & Co, Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F J Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

WEST & TRUAX, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo. O.

WALDING, KINNAN & MARVIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucuous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists.

DIXON AND GRIFFO.

A SCIENTIFIC CONTEST BETWEEN FEATHER-WEIGHTS.

Two of the Cleverest Exponents of the Prize Ring in the Country—The Fight Resulted in a Draw in the 25th Round—Berneau Knocked Out by Credon at Galveston.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SEASIDE ATHLETIC CLUB, CONEY ISLAND, N. Y., Jan. 19.—The sporting fraternity from all sections of the country gathered here in large numbers to-night to see the pugilistic contest between the two greatest feather-weights of the world—Albert Griffith, (known as Young Griffo, of Australia,) and George Dixon, of America, champion feather-weight of the world. Both men have remarkable records as pugilists and a bitter feeling of rivalry has existed between them ever since their twenty-round draw in Boston on the 27th of June, 1894.

The contest to-night resulted in another draw, and is described by those who witnessed it as one of the most scientific fights that has ever taken place in this country.

Dixon's seconds were Tom O'Rourke, Jack Havlin and Maurice Kelly. Dixon weighed 126, and Griffo claimed to weigh 129 pounds, but he looked more as if it was 139 pounds. The seconds of Griffo were Mike Dunn and Paddy Gorman, of Australia, and Benny Murphy, of England. The men went promptly to work as soon as they faced each other. Both were full of fight, but extremely scientific and their work was quick and sharp. Dixon was over anxious and forced the fighting at a tremendous pace. Griffo was cool and depended almost entirely on his clever ducking and straight left-hand punches.

It was a beautiful exhibition of scientific boxing by two of the cleverest exponents of the prize-ring in the country. With all their fierce fighting neither man succeeded in drawing blood and the only indication of a fight was Dixon's puffed and swollen eyes from Griffo's straight left-hand punches. There was not a mark to show the effects of his punishment, although Dixon hit five times to his once in the 24th round. Dixon's cheeks were badly swollen and bruised. In the 25th and last round Dixon was desperate and he fought like a tiger, doing nearly all the leading, but he could not knock the triumphant smile from off Griffo's face. The Australian only hit a few left-handed blows in this round, as he was on the defensive and spent his time in avoiding punishment. The crowd was wild with excitement when the round ended, some calling for Griffo and others for Dixon. When the referee decided the contest a draw there was a general cheer of approval, as it was the only decision that could be given under the circumstances.

Both pugilists shook hands very heartily and all hands left the building in a good humor and perfectedly satisfied with their night's entertainment.

GALVESTON, Tex., Jan. 19.—Credon looked a winner in the start of the fight to-night. He was very cool, while Berneau was timid, though he went in earnestly. The Australian's nerve and science easily overmatched the German's size. Berneau was cleverly downed in the first round and was knocked out before the second was fairly started.

First Round—Credon led swiftly and landed in the face twice, when the men clinched. Berneau led and landed on Credon's face. Credon returned and landed twice on the shoulders. Berneau got in two heavy chest blows at close range. Berneau led wildly and missed and Credon drew the first blood from Berneau's nose. Berneau reached for the Australian's chin and got there, but Credon landed on the stomach and Berneau went to the floor, winded but still in good spirits. The German took advantage of the count till time was called and then got up and landed in the pit of Credon's stomach, which made the Australian pout, but the latter got in a blow on the chest. The round ended in Credon's favor with both men fighting.

Second Round—The men began sparring for an opening and Berneau landed on Credon's kidneys, after which there was a clinch Credon began hitting fiercely right and left and there was a heavy exchange. Credon landed heavily and the German began to stagger. He got in a light blow on Credon's chest but was touched very hard on the point of the jaw and fell to the floor unable to rise. Neither man was seriously injured. Creedon jumped through the ropes smiling and seemingly unscarred, and some $3 000 better off than when he came to Galveston.

BATTLE WITH BANDITS.

Four Members of a Band of Desperadoes Killed in Oklahoma.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

HENNESSY, OKLAHOMA, Jan. 19.—The Rock Island train sent out from Kansas City with a posse of deputy sheriffs for the special purpose of rounding up the Doolin gang, met the bandits in camp a few miles from Hennessy at sundown last night, surrounding them. At daylight this morning the battle began, as a result of which Bill Doolin was killed outright, Tulsa Jack and Zip Wyatt died with their boots on and Sam Green, an all-round desperado, was forced to bite the dust after a hot encounter. Bill Doolin was known as a bandit, only second in point of desperation to Bill Cook. He had been engaged in every imaginary sort of crime from bank robbing to murder, and the men with him were none the less desperate. It is considered a great victory for law and order.

HENNESSY, January 19.—The report of the killing of the outlaw Bill Doolin and members of his gang by deputy marshals east of here this morning, is unfounded. It arose from the arrival here of a large posse who rode off after a band of horse thieves whom they had been following for some days. Nothing has been heard since they left Hennessy of any clash between the two bands.

BROOKLYN CAR STRIKE.

The Strikers Resort to Every Means to Prevent the Cars From Running.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

BROOKLYN, Jan. 19.—There was no actual rioting to-day, but that was the only change from yesterday. The strikers resorted to every possible means to prevent the cars from running. The trolley wires were cut many times; new men driven away by intimidation or bribed to desert, and all sorts of methods as adopted to create blockades.

At 6 o'clock to-night all the lines except the two on which there is no strike stopped running. No attempt was made after dark. The company did not seem anxious to try it, the police did not force it, and the militia slept on their arms to-night. The police were withdrawn from the depots and stables and assigned to duty along the lines of the roads to prevent wire-cutting. The companies expect to operate to-morrow all the lines that were open to-day, to increase the number of cars and possibly open one or two new lines.

The New Kensington Tin Plate Company has accepted the Amalgamated Association wage scale and will resume operations at the earliest possible date. This is the third plant to act independent of the Manufacturers' Association, and it is believed that a number of others will follow the example.

CHAS. A. MORGANFIELD.

The Train Robber Brought to Fredericksburg from Cincinnati and Placed in Jail to Await Trial.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

FREDERICKSBURG, VA., January 19.—Chas. A. Morganfield, the train robber, arrived here to-day at 12.45 in charge of Sheriff C. L. Kennedy, Superintendent A. F. Esten, of Pinkerton's agency, and Harry Murray, the express messenger who was held up. Five hundred people were at the depot and as Morganfield was taken from the car there were cries of: "Lynch him. Don't waste time taking him to jail." This outcry was quickly stopped by the officers and the prisoner was driven rapidly to the jail. Arrived there he was informed by Sergeant Edrington that his treatment would depend on his behavior. If he gave no trouble he would be well treated, but if he gave trouble he would be more harshly treated. To this Morganfield made no reply. He complained all the way from Cincinnati whenever he was moved that his leg hurt him, yet he would not in any way facilitate being moved. He kept his head covered up on his way from the depot to the jail. Searcey had retired to the upper part of the jail as if to avoid meeting Morganfield, and Morganfield was placed in the cell formerly occupied by Searcey.

WARM WIRELETS.

The President has nominated James D. Tillman, of Tennessee, Minister to Ecuador. Mr. Tillman lives at Fayetteville, Tenn.

The U. S. cruiser Philadelphia has been ordered to Honolulu to protect American interests. She can reach there in six days.

Gen. Gordon announces that the next encampment of United Confederate Veterans will be held May 22rd to 24th, at Houston, Texas.

No change in the Senatorial situation was disclosed by yesterday's ballot in the joint session of the Idaho Legislature. It is reported that a decided change favorable to Senator Shoup will take place not later than next Tuesday.

Mr. Lorin M. Thurston, the Hawaiian Minister in Washington, has received official notification of the Hawaiian trouble. The telegram says: "Rebellion broken. Leaders and remaining followers fugitives in the mountains."

In connection with the announcement that the Seaboard Air Line has purchased the East and West Railroad, it is stated authoritatively that the Seaboard Air Line has not purchased the Macon & Northern. The Seaboard people say that they will build from Atlanta to Cartersville.

Minister Marschal, of Mexico, said in an interview yesterday that the rumors of war between Mexico and Gautemala were premature. A reply from Guatemala to Mexico's ultimatum is expected in a few days and no action is contemplated by Mexico unless the reply be unfavorable.

B. E. Bailey, indicted in Atlanta, Ga., as an accessory to the murder of Capt. H. H. King was acquitted. When the verdict was announced Bailey jumped up and exclaimed: "I swear, gentlemen of the jury, that I am innocent of any connection with the killing of King." Alex Carr is under sentence of death for the murder. Bailey was standing beside him when he shot King.

KNOWLEDGE

Brings comfort and improvement and tends to personal enjoyment when rightly used. The many, who live better than others and enjoy life more, with less expenditure, by more promptly adapting the world's best products to the needs of physical being, will attest the value to health of the pure liquid laxative principles embraced in the remedy, Syrup of Figs.

Its excellence is due to its presenting in the form most acceptable and pleasant to the taste, the refreshing and truly beneficial properties of a perfect laxative; effectually cleansing the system, dispelling colds, headaches and fevers and permanently curing constipation. It has given satisfaction to millions and met with the approval of the medical profession, because it acts on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels without weakening them and it is perfectly free from every objectionable substance.

Syrup of Figs is for sale by all druggists in 50c and $1 bottles, but it is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, whose name is printed on every package, also the name, Syrup of Figs, and being well informed, you will not accept any substitute if offered.

BUSINESS LOCALS.

☞ NOTICES FOR Rent or Sale, Lost and Found Wants, and other short miscellaneous advertisements inserted in this Department, in leaded Nonpareil type, on first or fourth page, at Publisher's option, for 10 cents per line each insertion; but no advertisement taken for less than 25 cents. Terms, positively cash in advance. Fractions of lines counted as whole lines.

Oyster Roast at Hilton Park to-day. Cars will run through, starting at 2 p. m. 1t

Ginger-Snaps and Lemon cakes, flour and molasses, full line of tobacco; strong and sweet snuff a specialty. We handle on commission and guarantee highest prices for cotton, timber, naval stores and country produce of all kinds. Neill McKinnon, wholesale and retail grocer and Commission Merchant, No. 3 South Water street. tf

$25.00 to $50.00 per week using and selling Old Reliable Plater. Every family has rusty, worn knives, forks, spoons, etc Quickly plated by dipping in melted metal No experience or hard work; a good situation Address W. P. Harrison & Co., Clerk No. 14, Columbus, Ohio. jan 18 6t

Hayden, P. H., has in stock buggies, road carts and harness of all kinds. Repairing done by skillful workmen on short notice. Opposite new Court House. c21

Beautiful Photographs—I have just received the finest line of Photographic accessories and scenery ever brought to Wilmington. To introduce it cut this out and bring it to me and I will give you 25 cents for it provided you take twelve of my best Cabinets. U. C. Ellis, 114 Market street, Wilmington, N. C. c21

John S. McEachern, 211 Market street, Deals in Grain, Hay and all kinds of Mixed Feed. Leave orders, or call us through Telephone 92. c21

Portner's Beer for purity, Portner's Beer for quality, Portner's Beer for everybody. That's the tune they all sing—Portner's Beer for everybody. c21

Palmetto Brewing Co., of Charleston, S. C. Export, Rice and Lager Beer. Branch office No. 402 Nutt street; deliveries promptly made anywhere in city. F. Richter, Manager. c21

Spiritine Chemical Co., L. Hansen manager. Wood distillers and refiners; Mfrs of Spiritine Oil for wood and iron preservation; Spiritine Paint, Tar Oil, distilled Tar and the 3 Spiritine remedies! c51

Wrapping Paper. If you wish to buy old newspapers, suitable for wrapping paper, or placing under carpets, almost at your own price, call at the STAR Office. Sept 23 tf

Executor's Notice.

Having qualified as Executor of the will of the late Julia E. Oakley, I hereby notify all persons having claims against the estate of my said testatrix to present the same to me or to my attorney, Junius Davis Esq., on or before the 19th day of January A. D., 1896. Dated this 19th January A. D. 1895.

JNO. F SHACKELFORD, jan 18 6w sat Executor of Julia E. Oakley.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

ABOVE COMPARISON!

You will find our $3.00 superior to any SHOE of equal price in the city. It is as good as any $5.00 Shoe sold elsewhere.

Geo. R. French & Sons.

108 North Front St.,

Jan 20 tf WILMINGTON, N. C.

Seed, Seed, Seed.

NEW STOCK OF SEED

JUST RECEIVED AT

Rock Bottom Prices.

It will pay you to buy what SEED you may need from us.

"Special orders" promptly attended to.

J. Hicks Bunting,

Pharmacist and Seedman,

Y. M. C. A. Building,

'Phone 126 Wilmington, N. C.

jan 20 tf

Specials.

Before taking stock on February 1st we will offer to the public

Special Bargains in Every Department.

Don't fail to give us a call, it will pay you.

Yours for business,

J. H. REHDER & CO

Fourth Street Bridge.

Wholesale and Retail.

Dry Goods, Clothing,

Shoes, Hats,

Tinware, Crockery,

Glassware, Lamp Goods,

Woodenware, Paper, Bags,

Baskets, Candies, etc., etc.

Phone 118. jan 20 tf

CHOICE

Seed Potatoes.

HOULTON

EARLY ROSE.

Red Rust Proof Oats.

COFFEE, SUGAR, FLOUR,

Meat, Salt,

MOLASSES, &c., &c.

WORTH & WORTH.

jan 17 tf

Sweaters, Sweaters.

Received an assortment of Sweaters, made of the best material. All sizes, white, navy blue, black, brown and grey. Please call and make your selection at

HEINSBERGER'S

Live Book and Music Store,

jan 17 tf

"Worth Your While."

ALL THOSE PERSONS WHO WILL KINDLY favor me with a little of their trade from now till First February will be presented with every 10 cents worth of goods purchased with a beautiful bl ommer Belb.

JAS. D. NUTT, jan 19 tf The Druggist.

Geo. Mather's Sons Company,

Established 1816.

Printing Ink & Varnish Manufacturers

29 Rose St., N. Y.

A complete line of the celebrated Inks can be had the

H. A. MURRILL, Wholesale Paper Dealer, 307 E. Trade street, sly 9 tf CHARLOTTE, N. C.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Odds and Ends Sale.

The Remains left from 1894.

Woollen Dress Goods And Underwear.

Fancy Blue and Brown Woollen Dress Goods at 25c a yard that never before sold for less than 50c a yard.

Fancy striped Dress Flannel at 27 cents a yard, regular price 45 cents.

One piece Green Plaid Flannel at 32½c yard, reduced from 50c. We also offer all-wool Scotch Plaid at 42½c, which sold for 75c. a yard.

Just think of it. Remnants from one cent a yard up to most any price.

One lot of

Lace Remnants

To be sold regardless of price or quality. One lot of Gent's real Flannel Shirts at 73 cents each, sold for $1. One lot of natural Wool Undershirts at 75c, reduced from $1.25.

Cotton Undershirts for Winter from from 18c up to 45c each.

White wool Undershirts for Gents at 80c., sold for $1.25 each.

Ladies' Undervests in Cotton from 15c up to 45c each.

Ladies Wool Undervest at 75 sold for $1.25.

Ladies Sewed Undershirts to be sold regardless of cash value.

Don't wait, but come,

C. E. Gordon,

N. E. Cor. Market and Front sts., Wilmington, N. C.

jan 11 tf

The Clyde Steamship Co.

New York, Wilmington, N. C. AND Georgetown, S. C., Lines.

New York for Wilmington.

CROATAN, Saturday, Jan. 19
SOUTH PORTLAND, Wednesday, Jan 23
DELAWARE, Saturday, Jan. 26

Wilmington for New York.

DELAWARE, Monday, January 21
CROATAN, Saturday, Jan. 26
DELAWARE, Thursday, Jan. 31

Wilmington for Georgetown, S. C.

CROATAN, Tuesday, Jan. 22
SOUTH PORTLAND, Saturday, Jan. 26

☞ Through Bills Lading and Lowest Through Rates guaranteed to and from points in North and South Carolina.

For freight or passage apply to

H. G. SMALLBONES, Supt., Wilmington, N. C.
THEO. G. EGER, T. M., Bowling Green, N. Y.
WM. P. CLYDE & CO., General Agents, Bowling Green, N. Y. Jan 19 tf

STATEMENT

OF THE

Atlantic National Bank

Wilmington, N. C., at close of business December 19, 1894, condensed from Report to Comptroller.

RESOURCES.

Loans,		$498,787 77
Overdrafts,		29 09
U. S. 4 per cent. Bonds at par,		32,35 0 0
Banking House and Fixtures,		14,000 0 0
Redemption Fund,		1,485 50
Due from other banks,		203,60 76
Cash on hand,		19,117 48
Total		$829,370 48

LIABILITIES.

Capital,		$125,000 00
Surplus,	$25,000 00	
Undivided Profits,	11,618 22	36,618 22
Circulation,		99,110 00
Deposits,		568 642 26
Total		$829,370 48

	Dec. 19, '91.	Dec. 19, '93.	Dec. 19 '94
Surplus & Net Profits,	$7,645	$26 915	$36 618
Loans,	130,704	420,000	498,787
Banking House, &c.,	16,581	15,000	14,0 0
Premium on U.S. Bonds	4,765	3,967	None.

Dividends Paid Within Last Year, $7,500.

New York correspondence—Chemical National Bank and Hanover National Bank. dec 27 tf

Coal, Coal,

Red Ash Egg, White Ash Egg,

White Ash Stove.

Chestnut Coal, Furnace Coal,

Pea Coal, Foundry Coal,

Tennessee Lump, Pochahontas Lump

Wood, Wood.

OAK, ASH, LIGHTWOOD.

All Coal and Wood of the best quality and Lowest Prices.

J. A. SPRINGER.

dec 28 tf

Seed Potatoes.

Choice Houlton EARLY ROSE just received, in fine order and offered low.

A small consignment of

Mountain Rutter.

HALL & PEARSALL,

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants, jan 5 tf D&W Nutt and Mulberry sts

Seed Potatoes.

25 barrels E. R. Seed Potatoes. (Best selected stock.)

25 boxes Toilet Soap.

50 boxes best Ink.

25 half barrels best patent Flour made.

We want your business for 1895.

W. B. COOPER, Wholesale Grocer and Commission Merchant, Jan 13 tf D&W 126 North Water Street, Wilmington, N. C.

Three Mules and Two Horses

For sale for cash, or on time with approved security.

D. L. GORE.

jan 23 D&W tf

Wholesale and Retail.

TOBACCO,

SNUFF,

CIGARS,

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.

dec 9

Choice Books

ALMOST

GIVEN AWAY

To Readers of

THE MORNING STAR

The Best Books.

By the Most

Popular Authors,

At

One-Third of Their Value.

Only one Coupon required with each order, regardless of number of books ordered.

THE STAR'S BOOK COUPON.

Numbers of the Books wanted—

Your Name—

Street—

Postoffice—

County—

State—

A portion of the books named were offered by the STAR some time since; but, for the information of all who have heretofore ordered, attention is called to the large additions that have been made to the list.

LIST OF THE BOOKS.

No. 61—A Dark Night's Work; By Mrs. Gaskell.
No. 69—Christie Johnstone; By Charles Reade.
No 59—Pretty Miss Smith; By Florence Warden
No.58—The Sign of the Four; By A. Conan Doyle.
No. 57—Allan's Wife; By H. Rider Haggard.
No 56—Lady Latimer's Escape; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorne."
No 55—King Arthur; By Miss Mulock.
No. 54—Allan Quatermas; By H. Rider Haggard.
No. 53—Grace Darnell; By Miss M. E Braddon.
No 52—Lady Diana's Pride; By Charlotte M Braeme, author of "Dora Thorde."
No. 51—A Rogue's Life; By Wilkie Collins.
No. 50—